
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2024

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission file number 001-39253

Opendoor Technologies Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

**410 N. Scottsdale Road, Suite 1600
Tempe, AZ**

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

30-1318214

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

85288

(Zip Code)

(480) 618-6760

Registrant's telephone number, including area code

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value per share	OPEN	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of shares of registrant's common stock outstanding as of April 25, 2024 was approximately 691,575,980.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
<u>PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u>	
Item 1.	3
Financial Statements	3
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets	3
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations	4
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss	5
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity	6
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	7
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	8
Item 2.	26
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	26
Item 3.	43
Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	43
Item 4.	43
Controls and Procedures	43
<u>PART II - OTHER INFORMATION</u>	
Item 1.	44
Legal Proceedings	44
Item 1A.	44
Risk Factors	44
Item 2.	44
Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	44
Item 3.	44
Defaults Upon Senior Securities	44
Item 4.	44
Mine Safety Disclosures	44
Item 5.	44
Other Information	44
Item 6.	44
Exhibits	44
Signatures	46

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.

As used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, unless the context requires otherwise, references to “Opendoor,” the “Company,” “we,” “us,” and “our,” and similar references refer to Opendoor Technologies Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries following the Business Combination (as defined herein) and to Opendoor Labs Inc. prior to the Business Combination.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”). All statements other than statements of historical facts contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including, without limitation, statements regarding: current and future health and stability of the real estate housing market and general economy; volatility of mortgage interest rates and expectations regarding future shifts in behavior by consumers and partners; the health and status of our financial condition; anticipated future results of operations or financial performance; priorities of the Company to achieve future financial and business goals; our ability to continue to effectively navigate the markets in which we operate; anticipated future and ongoing impacts and benefits of acquisitions, partnership channel expansions, product innovations and other business decisions; health of our balance sheet to weather ongoing market transitions and any expectation to quickly re-scale in the future upon market stabilization; our ability to adopt an effective approach to manage economic and industry risk, as well as inventory health; our expectations with respect to the future success of our partnerships and our ability to drive significant growth in sales volumes through such partnerships; our business strategy and plans, including plans to expand into additional markets; market opportunity and expansion and objectives of management for future operations, including statements regarding the benefits and timing of the roll out of new markets, products, or technology; and the expected diversification of funding sources, are forward-looking statements. When used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, words such as “anticipate,” “believe,” “contemplate,” “continue,” “could,” “estimate,” “expect,” “forecast,” “future,” “guidance,” “intend,” “may,” “might,” “opportunity,” “plan,” “possible,” “potential,” “predict,” “project,” “should,” “strategy,” “strive,” “target,” “vision,” “will,” or “would,” any negative of these words or other similar terms or expressions may identify forward-looking statements. The absence of these words does not mean that a statement is not forward-looking.

These forward-looking statements are based on information available as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and current expectations, forecasts and assumptions, which involve a number of judgments, risks and uncertainties, including without limitation, risks related to:

- the current and future health and stability of the economy, financial conditions and residential housing market, including any extended downturns or slowdowns;
- changes in general economic and financial conditions (including federal monetary policy, interest rates, inflation, actual or anticipated recession, home price fluctuations, and housing inventory) that may reduce demand for our products and services, lower our profitability or reduce our access to future financings;
- our real estate assets and increased competition in the U.S. residential real estate industry;
- ability to operate and grow our core business products, including the ability to obtain sufficient financing and resell purchased homes;
- investment of resources to pursue strategies and develop new products and services that may not prove effective or that are not attractive to customers and real estate partners or that do not allow us to compete successfully;
- our ability to acquire and resell homes profitably;
- our ability to grow market share in our existing markets or any new markets we may enter;
- our ability to manage our growth effectively;
- our ability to expeditiously sell and appropriately price our inventory;
- our ability to access sources of capital, including debt financing and securitization funding to finance our real estate inventories and other sources of capital to finance operations and growth;
- our ability to maintain and enhance our products and brand, and to attract customers;
- our ability to manage, develop and refine our digital platform, including our automated pricing and valuation technology;
- our ability to comply with multiple listing service rules and requirements to access and use listing data, and to maintain or establish relationships with listings and data providers;
- our ability to obtain or maintain licenses and permits to support our current and future business operations;

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.

- acquisitions, strategic partnerships, joint ventures, capital-raising activities or other corporate transactions or commitments by us or our competitors;
- actual or anticipated changes in technology, products, markets or services by us or our competitors;
- our success in retaining or recruiting, or changes required in, our officers, key employees and/or directors;
- the impact of the regulatory environment within our industry and complexities with compliance related to such environment;
- any future impact of pandemics or epidemics, including any future resurgences of COVID-19 and its variants, or other public health crises on our ability to operate, demand for our products or services, or general economic conditions;
- changes in laws or government regulation affecting our business; and
- the impact of pending or any future litigation or regulatory actions.

Moreover, we operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risks emerge from time to time. It is not possible for our management to predict all risks, nor can we assess the effect of all factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements we may make. In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the forward-looking events and circumstances discussed in this report may not occur and actual results could differ materially and adversely from those anticipated or implied in the forward-looking statements. Accordingly, forward-looking statements should not be relied upon as representing our views as of any subsequent date, and we do not undertake any obligation to update forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date they were made, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required under applicable securities laws.

As a result of a number of known and unknown risks and uncertainties, including, without limitation, those described in the “Risk Factors” section of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and on Part I, Item 1A “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 (the “Annual Report”), our actual results or performance may be materially different from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements.

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 1. Financial Statements.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In millions, except share data)
(Unaudited)

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 953	\$ 999
Restricted cash	333	541
Marketable securities	37	69
Escrow receivable	15	9
Real estate inventory, net	1,881	1,775
Other current assets	65	52
Total current assets	3,284	3,445
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT – Net	66	66
RIGHT OF USE ASSETS	23	25
GOODWILL	4	4
INTANGIBLES – Net	4	5
OTHER ASSETS	23	22
TOTAL ASSETS	(1) \$ 3,404	(1) \$ 3,567
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ 69	\$ 64
Interest payable	1	1
Lease liabilities - current portion	4	5
Total current liabilities	74	70
NON-RECOURSE ASSET-BACKED DEBT – Net of current portion	2,036	2,134
CONVERTIBLE SENIOR NOTES	376	376
LEASE LIABILITIES – Net of current portion	18	19
OTHER LIABILITIES	1	1
Total liabilities	(2) 2,505	2,600
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (See Note 13)		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 3,000,000,000 shares authorized; 688,560,794 and 677,636,163 shares issued, respectively; 688,560,794 and 677,636,163 shares outstanding, respectively	—	—
Additional paid-in capital	4,341	4,301
Accumulated deficit	(3,442)	(3,333)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	—	(1)
Total shareholders' equity	899	967
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 3,404	\$ 3,567

(1) The Company's consolidated assets at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 include the following assets of certain variable interest entities ("VIEs") that can only be used to settle the liabilities of those VIEs: Restricted cash, \$322 and \$530; Real estate inventory, net, \$1,848 and \$1,735; Escrow receivable, \$14 and \$8; Other current assets, \$27 and \$10; and Total assets of \$2,211 and \$2,283, respectively.

(2) The Company's consolidated liabilities at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 include the following liabilities for which the VIE creditors do not have recourse to Opendoor: Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities, \$27 and \$28; Interest payable, \$1 and \$1; Non-recourse asset-backed debt, net of current portion, \$2,036 and \$2,134; and Total liabilities, \$2,064 and \$2,163, respectively.

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(In millions, except share amounts which are presented in thousands, and per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
REVENUE	\$ 1,181	\$ 3,120
COST OF REVENUE	1,067	2,950
GROSS PROFIT	114	170
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Sales, marketing and operations	113	188
General and administrative	47	66
Technology and development	41	40
Total operating expenses	201	294
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(87)	(124)
GAIN ON EXTINGUISHMENT OF DEBT	—	78
INTEREST EXPENSE	(37)	(74)
OTHER INCOME – Net	15	19
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(109)	(101)
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	—	—
NET LOSS	\$ (109)	\$ (101)
Net loss per share attributable to common shareholders:		
Basic	\$ (0.16)	\$ (0.16)
Diluted	\$ (0.16)	\$ (0.16)
Weighted-average shares outstanding:		
Basic	682,457	641,916
Diluted	682,457	641,916

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
(In millions)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
NET LOSS	\$ (109)	\$ (101)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME:		
Unrealized gain on marketable securities	1	1
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	<u>\$ (108)</u>	<u>\$ (100)</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(In millions, except number of shares)
(Unaudited)

	Shareholders' Equity					
	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Shareholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount				
BALANCE-December 31, 2023	677,636,163	\$ —	\$ 4,301	\$ (3,333)	\$ (1)	\$ 967
Issuance of common stock for settlement of RSUs, net of shares withheld for participant taxes	9,197,946	—	—	—	—	—
Exercise of stock options	109,357	—	—	—	—	—
Issuance of common stock under employee stock purchase plan, net of shares withheld for participant taxes	1,617,328	—	2	—	—	2
Stock-based compensation	—	—	38	—	—	38
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	1	1
Net loss	—	—	—	(109)	—	(109)
BALANCE-March 31, 2024	688,560,794	\$ —	\$ 4,341	\$ (3,442)	\$ —	\$ 899

	Shareholders' Equity					
	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Shareholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount				
BALANCE-December 31, 2022	637,387,025	\$ —	\$ 4,148	\$ (3,058)	\$ (4)	\$ 1,086
Issuance of common stock for settlement of RSUs, net of shares withheld for participant taxes	8,241,495	—	—	—	—	—
Exercise of stock options	1,334,969	—	1	—	—	1
Issuance of common stock under employee stock purchase plan, net of shares withheld for participant taxes	644,431	—	1	—	—	1
Stock-based compensation	—	—	48	—	—	48
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	1	1
Net loss	—	—	—	(101)	—	(101)
BALANCE-March 31, 2023	647,607,920	\$ —	\$ 4,198	\$ (3,159)	\$ (3)	\$ 1,036

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In millions)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss	\$ (109)	\$ (101)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash (used in) provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	14	22
Amortization of right of use asset	2	2
Stock-based compensation	33	42
Inventory valuation adjustment	7	23
Changes in fair value of equity securities	2	(1)
Other	2	—
Proceeds from sale and principal collections of mortgage loans held for sale	—	1
Gain on extinguishment of debt	—	(78)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Escrow receivable	(6)	(12)
Real estate inventory	(114)	2,306
Other assets	(13)	(10)
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	6	(22)
Interest payable	—	(8)
Lease liabilities	(2)	(2)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(178)	2,162
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of property and equipment	(8)	(8)
Proceeds from sales, maturities, redemptions and paydowns of marketable securities	30	38
Net cash provided by investing activities	22	30
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Repurchase of convertible senior notes	—	(101)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	—	1
Proceeds from issuance of common stock for ESPP	2	1
Proceeds from non-recourse asset-backed debt	—	224
Principal payments on non-recourse asset-backed debt	(100)	(1,446)
Payment for early extinguishment of debt	—	(4)
Net cash used in financing activities	(98)	(1,325)
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND RESTRICTED CASH	(254)	867
CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND RESTRICTED CASH – Beginning of period	1,540	1,791
CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND RESTRICTED CASH – End of period	\$ 1,286	\$ 2,658
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION – Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 34	\$ 74
DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH ACTIVITIES:		
Stock-based compensation expense capitalized for internally developed software	\$ 5	\$ 6
RECONCILIATION TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 953	\$ 1,143
Restricted cash	333	1,515
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	\$ 1,286	\$ 2,658

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.**Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share amounts, ratios, or as noted)
(Unaudited)

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES***Description of Business***

Opendoor Technologies Inc. (the “Company” and “Opendoor”) including its consolidated subsidiaries and certain variable interest entities (“VIEs”), is a managed marketplace for residential real estate. By leveraging its centralized digital platform, Opendoor is working towards a future that enables sellers and buyers of residential real estate to experience a simple and certain transaction that is dramatically improved from the traditional process. The Company was incorporated in Delaware on December 30, 2013.

The Company was formed through a business combination with Social Capital Hedosophia Holdings Corp. II (“SCH”), a Cayman Islands exempted company formed for the purpose of effecting a merger, share exchange, asset acquisition, share purchase, reorganization or similar business combination with one or more businesses (the “Business Combination”). The Business Combination, pursuant to which Opendoor Labs Inc. became a wholly owned subsidiary of SCH and SCH changed its name from “Social Capital Hedosophia Holdings Corp. II” to “Opendoor Technologies Inc.”, was completed on December 18, 2020, and was accounted for as a reverse recapitalization, in accordance with GAAP.

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (“GAAP”). The condensed consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 and for the three month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 include the accounts of Opendoor, its wholly owned subsidiaries and VIEs where the Company is the primary beneficiary. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to a fair statement of the results for the interim periods presented. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in the condensed consolidated financial statements herein. Certain prior period amounts in the condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes have been reclassified to conform to the current period’s presentation.

The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements and these related notes should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 (“Annual Report”) filed on February 15, 2024.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that have a material impact on the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Significant estimates, assumptions and judgments made by management include, among others, the determination of the fair value of common stock, share-based awards, warrants, and inventory valuation adjustment. Management believes that the estimates and judgments upon which management relies are reasonable based upon information available to management at the time that these estimates and judgments are made. To the extent there are material differences between these estimates, assumptions and judgments and actual results, the carrying values of the Company’s assets and liabilities and the results of operations will be affected. The health of the residential housing market and interest rate environment have introduced additional uncertainty with respect to judgments, estimates and assumptions, which may materially impact the estimates previously listed, among others.

Significant Risks and Uncertainties

The Company operates in a dynamic industry and, accordingly, can be affected by a variety of factors. For example, the Company believes that changes in any of the following areas could have a significant negative effect on the Company in terms of its future financial position, results of operations or cash flows: its rates of revenue growth; its ability to manage inventory; engagement and usage of its products; the effectiveness of its investment of resources to pursue strategies; competition in its market; the stability of the residential real estate market; the impact of interest rate changes on demand for and pricing of its products and on the cost of capital; changes in technology, products, markets or services by the Company or its competitors; its

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.**Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share amounts, ratios, or as noted)
(Unaudited)

ability to maintain or establish relationships with listings and data providers; its ability to obtain or maintain licenses and permits to support its current and future businesses; actual or anticipated changes to its products and services; changes in government regulation affecting its business; the outcomes of legal proceedings; natural disasters and catastrophic events, such as pandemics or epidemics (including any future resurgence of COVID-19 or its variants); scaling and adaptation of existing technology and network infrastructure; its management of its growth; its ability to attract and retain qualified employees and key personnel; its ability to successfully integrate and realize the benefits of its past or future strategic acquisitions or investments; the protection of customers' information and other privacy concerns; the protection of its brand and intellectual property; and intellectual property infringement and other claims, among other things.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk, consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, and investments in marketable securities. The Company places cash and cash equivalents and investments with major financial institutions, which management assesses to be of high credit quality, in order to limit exposure of the Company's investments.

Significant Accounting Policies

The Company's significant accounting policies are discussed in "Part II – Item 8 – Financial Statements and Supplementary Data – Note 1. Description of Business and Accounting Policies" in the Annual Report. There have been no changes to these significant accounting policies for the three-month period ended March 31, 2024, except as noted below.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets, such as property and equipment and definite-lived intangible assets, among other long-lived assets, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If circumstances require a long-lived asset or asset group be tested for possible impairment, the Company first compares undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by that asset or asset group to its carrying amount. If the carrying amount of the long-lived asset or asset group is not recoverable on an undiscounted cash flow basis, an impairment loss is recognized to the extent the carrying amount of the underlying asset exceeds its fair value. The impairment loss recognized for the three months ended March 31, 2024 is primarily related to impairment of certain internally developed software projects. The impairment loss recognized during the periods presented is as follows (in millions):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Technology and development	\$ 3	\$ 2
Total impairment loss	\$ 3	\$ 2

Stock-Based Compensation***RSUs***

Prior to its listing, the Company granted restricted stock units ("RSUs") with a performance condition, based on a liquidity event, as defined by the share agreement, as well as a service condition to vest, which was generally four years. The Company determined the fair value of RSUs based on the valuation of the Company's common stock as of the grant date. No compensation expense was recognized for performance-based awards until the liquidity event occurred in February 2021. Subsequent to the occurrence of the liquidity event, compensation expense was recognized on an accelerated attribution basis over the requisite service period of the awards.

After the Company became listed, the Company began granting RSUs subject to a service condition to vest, which is generally two to four years. Compensation expense is recognized on a straight-line basis subject to a floor of the vested number of shares for each award. In the quarter ended March 31, 2024, the Company began granting RSUs to certain executive employees that contain a performance condition and service condition to vest. If the award is deemed probable of being earned, compensation expense is recognized on an accelerated attribution basis over the requisite service period of the award, which is

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.**Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share amounts, ratios, or as noted)
(Unaudited)

generally three years. The Company reassesses the probability of achieving the performance condition at each reporting date during the performance period. The Company determines the fair value of RSUs based on the Company's grant date closing stock price and recognizes forfeitures as they occur.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards***Recently Adopted Accounting Standards***

In July 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-03 which amends various paragraphs in the Accounting Standards Codification pursuant to the issuance of Commission Staff Bulletin No. 120. These updates were effective immediately and did not have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted

In October 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-06 which is intended to clarify or improve disclosure and presentation requirements of a variety of topics. It will allow users to more easily compare entities subject to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's ("SEC") existing disclosures with those entities that were not previously subject to the requirements and align the requirements in the FASB accounting standard codification with the SEC's regulations. The effective date for each amendment will be the date on which the SEC's removal of that related disclosure from Regulation S-X or Regulation S-K becomes effective, or if the SEC has not removed the applicable disclosure requirement by June 30, 2027, the amendment will not be effective for any entity. Early adoption is prohibited. The Company is currently assessing the impact on the Company's disclosures.

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07, which expands reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023 and for interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted and retrospective application to all prior periods presented in the financials is required. The Company is currently assessing the impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, which expands income tax disclosure requirements to include additional information related to the rate reconciliation of effective tax rates to statutory rates as well as additional disaggregation of taxes paid. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact on the Company's disclosures.

2. REAL ESTATE INVENTORY

The following table presents the components of inventory, net of applicable inventory valuation adjustments of \$17 million and \$27 million, as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively (in millions):

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Work in progress	\$ 351	\$ 640
Finished goods:		
Listed for sale	1,024	882
Under contract for sale	506	253
Total real estate inventory	<u>\$ 1,881</u>	<u>\$ 1,775</u>

As of March 31, 2024, the Company was in contract to purchase 2,611 homes for an aggregate purchase price of \$906 million.

During the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company recorded inventory valuation adjustments for real estate inventory of \$7 million and \$23 million, respectively, in Cost of revenue in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share amounts, ratios, or as noted)
(Unaudited)

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

The amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses, and fair value of cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows (in millions):

	March 31, 2024					
	Cost Basis	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Marketable Securities
Cash	\$ 112	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 112	\$ 112	\$ —
Money market funds	841	—	—	841	841	—
Corporate debt securities	25	—	—	25	—	25
Equity securities	12	—	—	12	—	12
Total	\$ 990	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 990	\$ 953	\$ 37

	December 31, 2023					
	Cost Basis	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Marketable Securities
Cash	\$ 63	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 63	\$ 63	\$ —
Money market funds	936	—	—	936	936	—
Corporate debt securities	55	—	(1)	54	—	54
Equity securities	15	—	—	15	—	15
Total	\$ 1,069	\$ —	\$ (1)	\$ 1,068	\$ 999	\$ 69

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, the Company recognized \$2 million of net unrealized losses in the condensed consolidated statements of operations related to marketable equity securities held as of March 31, 2024. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company recognized \$1 million of net unrealized gains in the condensed consolidated statements of operations related to marketable equity securities held as of March 31, 2023.

A summary of debt securities with unrealized losses aggregated by period of continuous unrealized loss is as follows (in millions):

	Less than 12 Months		12 Months or Greater		Total	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
March 31, 2024						
Corporate debt securities	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 23	\$ —	\$ 23	\$ —
Total	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 23	\$ —	\$ 23	\$ —
December 31, 2023						
Corporate debt securities	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 54	\$ (1)	\$ 54	\$ (1)
Total	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 54	\$ (1)	\$ 54	\$ (1)

There were no net unrealized losses of the Company's available-for-sale debt securities as of March 31, 2024. Net unrealized losses of the Company's available-for-sale debt securities as of December 31, 2023 were \$1 million. These unrealized losses are associated with the Company's investments in corporate debt securities and were due to interest rate

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share amounts, ratios, or as noted)
(Unaudited)

increases, and not credit-related events. The Company does not expect to be required to sell the investments before recovery of the amortized cost bases. As such, no allowance for credit losses is required as of March 31, 2024 or December 31, 2023.

The scheduled contractual maturities of debt securities as of March 31, 2024 are as follows (in millions):

March 31, 2024	Fair Value	Within 1 Year	After 1 Year through 5 Years
Corporate debt securities	\$ 25	\$ 25	\$ —
Total	\$ 25	\$ 25	\$ —

A summary of equity method investment balances as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 are as follows (in millions):

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Equity method investments	\$ 20	\$ 20
Total	\$ 20	\$ 20

4. VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES

The Company utilizes VIEs in the normal course of business to support the Company's financing needs. The Company determines whether the Company is the primary beneficiary of a VIE at the time it becomes involved with the VIE and reconsiders that conclusion on an on-going basis.

The Company established certain special purpose entities ("SPEs") for the purpose of financing the Company's purchase and renovation of real estate inventory through the issuance of asset-backed debt. The Company is the primary beneficiary of the various VIEs within these financing structures and consolidates these VIEs. The Company is determined to be the primary beneficiary based on its power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the economic outcomes of the SPEs through its role in designing the SPEs and managing the real estate inventory they purchase and sell. The Company has a potentially significant variable interest in the entities based upon the equity interest the Company holds in the VIEs.

The following table summarizes the assets and liabilities related to the VIEs consolidated by the Company as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 (in millions):

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Assets		
Restricted cash	\$ 322	\$ 530
Real estate inventory, net	1,848	1,735
Other ⁽¹⁾	41	18
Total assets	\$ 2,211	\$ 2,283
Liabilities		
Non-recourse asset-backed debt	\$ 2,036	\$ 2,134
Other ⁽²⁾	28	29
Total liabilities	\$ 2,064	\$ 2,163

⁽¹⁾ Includes escrow receivable and other current assets.

⁽²⁾ Includes accounts payable and other accrued liabilities and interest payable.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share amounts, ratios, or as noted)
(Unaudited)

The creditors of the VIEs generally do not have recourse to the Company's general credit solely by virtue of being creditors of the VIEs. However, certain of the financial covenants included in the inventory financing facilities to which the VIEs are party are calculated by reference to Opendoor Labs Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries' assets and liabilities. As a result, under certain circumstances, this may limit the Company's flexibility to transfer assets from Opendoor subsidiaries to the Parent Company. See "Note 5 — Credit Facilities and Long-Term Debt" for further discussion of the recourse obligations with respect to the VIEs.

5. CREDIT FACILITIES AND LONG-TERM DEBT

The following tables summarize certain details related to the Company's credit facilities and long-term debt as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 (in millions, except interest rates):

March 31, 2024	Borrowing Capacity	Outstanding Amount		Weighted Average Interest Rate	End of Revolving / Withdrawal Period	Final Maturity Date
		Current	Non-Current			
Non-Recourse Asset-backed Debt:						
Asset-backed Senior Revolving Credit Facilities						
Revolving Facility 2018-2	\$ 1,000	\$ —	\$ —	— %	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2025
Revolving Facility 2018-3	1,000	—	—	— %	September 29, 2026	September 29, 2026
Revolving Facility 2019-1	300	—	—	— %	August 15, 2025	August 15, 2025
Revolving Facility 2019-2	550	—	—	— %	October 3, 2025	October 2, 2026
Revolving Facility 2019-3	925	—	—	— %	April 5, 2024	April 5, 2024
Asset-backed Senior Term Debt Facilities						
Term Debt Facility 2021-S1	100	—	100	3.48 %	January 2, 2025	April 1, 2025
Term Debt Facility 2021-S2	400	—	300	3.20 %	September 10, 2025	March 10, 2026
Term Debt Facility 2021-S3	1,000	—	750	3.75 %	January 31, 2027	July 31, 2027
Term Debt Facility 2022-S1	250	—	250	4.07 %	March 1, 2025	September 1, 2025
Total	\$ 5,525	\$ —	\$ 1,400			
Issuance Costs			(11)			
Carrying Value		\$ —	\$ 1,389			
Asset-backed Mezzanine Term Debt Facilities						
Term Debt Facility 2020-M1	2,000	—	500	10.00 %	April 1, 2025	April 1, 2026
Term Debt Facility 2022-M1	500	—	150	10.00 %	September 15, 2025	September 15, 2026
Total	\$ 2,500	\$ —	\$ 650			
Issuance Costs			(3)			
Carrying Value			\$ 647			
Total Non-Recourse Asset-backed Debt	\$ 8,025	\$ —	\$ 2,036			

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share amounts, ratios, or as noted)
(Unaudited)

December 31, 2023	Outstanding Amount		Weighted Average Interest Rate
	Current	Non-Current	
Non-Recourse Asset-backed Debt:			
Asset-backed Senior Revolving Credit Facilities			
Revolving Facility 2018-2	\$ —	\$ —	7.49 %
Revolving Facility 2018-3	—	—	6.82 %
Revolving Facility 2019-1	—	—	7.34 %
Revolving Facility 2019-2	—	—	6.83 %
Revolving Facility 2019-3	—	—	— %
Asset-backed Senior Term Debt Facilities			
Term Debt Facility 2021-S1	—	100	3.48 %
Term Debt Facility 2021-S2	—	300	3.20 %
Term Debt Facility 2021-S3	—	750	3.75 %
Term Debt Facility 2022-S1	—	250	4.07 %
Total	\$ —	\$ 1,400	
Issuance Costs	—	(12)	
Carrying Value	\$ —	\$ 1,388	
Asset-backed Mezzanine Term Debt Facilities			
Term Debt Facility 2020-M1	\$ —	\$ 600	10.00 %
Term Debt Facility 2022-M1	\$ —	\$ 150	10.00 %
Total	\$ —	\$ 750	
Issuance Costs	—	(4)	
Carrying Value	—	\$ 746	
Total Non-Recourse Asset-backed Debt	\$ —	\$ 2,134	

Non-Recourse Asset-backed Debt

The Company utilizes inventory financing facilities consisting of asset-backed senior debt facilities and asset-backed mezzanine term debt facilities to provide financing for the Company's real estate inventory purchases and renovation. These inventory financing facilities are typically secured by some combination of restricted cash, equity in real estate owning subsidiaries and related holding companies, and, for senior facilities, the real estate inventory financed by the relevant facility and/or beneficial interests in such inventory.

Each of the borrowers under the inventory financing facilities is a consolidated subsidiary of Opendoor and a separate legal entity. Neither the assets nor credit of any such borrower subsidiaries are generally available to satisfy the debts and other obligations of any other Opendoor entities. The inventory financing facilities are non-recourse to the Company and are non-recourse to Opendoor subsidiaries not party to the relevant facilities, except for limited guarantees provided by an Opendoor subsidiary for certain obligations involving "bad acts" by an Opendoor entity and certain other limited circumstances.

As of March 31, 2024, the Company had total borrowing capacity with respect to its non-recourse asset-backed debt of \$8.0 billion. Borrowing capacity amounts under non-recourse asset-backed debt as reflected in the table above are in some cases not fully committed and any borrowings above the committed amounts are subject to the applicable lender's discretion. Any amounts repaid for senior term and mezzanine term debt facilities reduce total borrowing capacity as repaid amounts are not available to be reborrowed. As of March 31, 2024, the Company had committed borrowing capacity with respect to the Company's non-recourse asset-backed debt of \$2.5 billion; this committed borrowing capacity is comprised of \$400 million for senior revolving credit facilities, \$1.4 billion for senior term debt facilities, and \$650 million for mezzanine term debt facilities.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.**Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share amounts, ratios, or as noted)
(Unaudited)

Asset-backed Senior Revolving Credit Facilities

The Company classifies the senior revolving credit facilities as current liabilities on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets as amounts drawn to acquire and renovate homes are required to be repaid as the related real estate inventory is sold, which the Company expects to occur within 12 months.

The senior revolving credit facilities are typically structured with an initial revolving period of up to 24 months during which time amounts can be borrowed, repaid and borrowed again. The borrowing capacity is generally available until the end of the applicable revolving period as reflected in the table above. Outstanding amounts drawn under each senior revolving credit facility are required to be repaid on the facility maturity date or earlier if accelerated due to an event of default or other mandatory repayment event. The final maturity dates and revolving period end dates reflected in the table above are inclusive of any extensions that are at the sole discretion of the Company. These facilities may also have extensions subject to lender discretion that are not reflected in the table above. On April 4, 2024, the Company entered into an amendment to Revolving Facility 2019-3, providing for \$100 million of borrowing capacity with a revolving period end date of April 4, 2025 and a final maturity date of April 3, 2026, which is inclusive of any extensions that are at the sole discretion of the Company.

Borrowings under the senior revolving credit facilities accrue interest at various floating rates based on a secured overnight financing rate ("SOFR"), plus a margin that varies by facility. The Company may also pay fees on certain unused portions of committed borrowing capacity. The Company's senior revolving credit facility arrangements typically include upfront fees that may be paid at execution of the applicable agreements or be earned at execution and payable over time. These facilities are generally fully prepayable at any time without penalty other than customary breakage costs.

The senior revolving credit facilities have aggregated borrowing bases, which increase or decrease based on the cost and value of the properties financed under a given facility and the time that those properties are in the Company's possession. When the Company resells a home, the proceeds are used to reduce the outstanding balance under the related senior revolving credit facility. The borrowing base for a given facility may be reduced as properties age beyond certain thresholds or the performance of the properties financed under that facility declines, and any borrowing base deficiencies may be satisfied through contributions of additional properties or partial repayment of the facility.

Asset-backed Senior Term Debt Facilities

The Company classifies its senior term debt facilities as non-current liabilities on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets because its borrowings under these facilities are generally not required to be repaid until the final maturity date.

The senior term debt facilities are typically structured with an initial withdrawal period up to 60 months during which the outstanding principal amounts are generally not required to be repaid when homes financed through those facilities are sold and instead are intended to remain outstanding until final maturity for each facility. Outstanding amounts drawn under each senior term debt facility are required to be repaid on the facility maturity date or earlier if accelerated due to an event of default or other mandatory repayment event. The final maturity dates and withdrawal period end dates reflected in the table above are inclusive of any extensions that are at the sole discretion of the Company. These facilities may also have extensions subject to lender discretion that are not reflected in the table above.

Borrowings under the senior term debt facilities accrue interest at a fixed rate. The Company's senior term debt facilities may include upfront issuance costs that are capitalized as part of the facilities' respective carrying values. These facilities are fully prepayable at any time but may be subject to certain customary prepayment penalties.

The senior term debt facilities have aggregated property borrowing bases, which increase or decrease based on the cost and value of the properties financed under a given facility, the time those properties are in the Company's possession and the amount of cash collateral pledged by the relevant borrowers. The borrowing base for a given facility may be reduced as properties age or collateral performance declines beyond certain thresholds, and any borrowing base deficiencies may be satisfied through contributions of additional properties, cash or through partial repayment of the facility.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share amounts, ratios, or as noted)
(Unaudited)

Asset-backed Mezzanine Term Debt Facilities

The Company classifies its mezzanine term debt facilities as long-term liabilities on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets because its borrowings under these facilities are generally not required to be repaid until the applicable final maturity date. These facilities are structurally and contractually subordinated to the related asset-backed senior debt facilities.

The mezzanine term debt facilities have been structured with an initial 42-month withdrawal period during which the outstanding principal amounts are generally not required to be repaid when homes financed through those facilities are sold and instead are intended to remain outstanding until final maturity. Outstanding amounts drawn under the mezzanine term debt facilities are required to be repaid on the facility maturity date or earlier if accelerated due to an event of default or other mandatory repayment event. The final maturity date and withdrawal period end date reflected in the table above are inclusive of any extensions that are at the sole discretion of the Company. These facilities may also have extensions subject to lender discretion that are not reflected in the table above.

Borrowings under a given term debt facility accrue interest at a fixed rate. The mezzanine term debt facilities include upfront issuance costs that are capitalized as part of the facilities' respective carrying values. These facilities are fully prepayable at any time but may be subject to certain prepayment penalties.

The mezzanine term debt facilities have aggregated property borrowing bases, which increase or decrease based on the cost and the value of the properties financed under a given facility and time in the Company's possession of those properties and the amount of cash collateral pledged by the relevant borrowers. The borrowing base for a given facility may be reduced as properties age or collateral performance declines beyond certain thresholds, and any borrowing base deficiencies may be satisfied through contributions of additional properties or cash or through partial repayment of the facility.

Covenants

The Company's inventory financing facilities include customary representations and warranties, covenants and events of default. Financed properties are subject to customary eligibility criteria and concentration limits.

The terms of these inventory financing facilities and related financing documents require an Opendoor subsidiary to comply with customary financial covenants, such as maintaining certain levels of liquidity, tangible net worth or leverage (ratio of debt to tangible net worth). Certain of these financial covenants are calculated by reference to Opendoor Labs Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries' assets and liabilities. As a result, under certain circumstances, this may limit the Company's flexibility to transfer assets from Opendoor subsidiaries to the Parent Company. At March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, \$263 million and \$275 million, respectively, of the Company's net assets were restricted as they reflect minimum net asset requirements at Opendoor Labs Inc. As of March 31, 2024, the Company was in compliance with all financial covenants and no event of default had occurred.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share amounts, ratios, or as noted)
(Unaudited)

Convertible Senior Notes

In August 2021, the Company issued 0.25% senior notes due in 2026 (the “2026 Notes”) with an aggregate principal amount of \$978 million. The tables below summarize certain details related to the 2026 Notes (in millions, except interest rates):

March 31, 2024	Remaining Aggregate Principal Amount	Unamortized Debt Issuance Costs	Net Carrying Amount
2026 Notes	\$ 381	\$ (5)	\$ 376

March 31, 2024	Maturity Date	Stated Cash Interest Rate	Effective Interest Rate	Semi-Annual Interest Payment Dates	Conversion Rate	Conversion Price
2026 Notes	August 15, 2026	0.25 %	0.78 %	February 15; August 15	51.9926	\$ 19.23

The 2026 Notes will be convertible at the option of the holders before February 15, 2026 only upon the occurrence of certain events. Beginning on August 20, 2024, the Company has the option to redeem the 2026 Notes upon meeting certain conditions related to price of the Company's common stock. Beginning on February 15, 2026 and until the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date, the 2026 Notes are convertible at any time at election of each holder. The conversion rate and conversion price are subject to customary adjustments under certain circumstances. In addition, if certain corporate events that constitute a make-whole fundamental change occur, then the conversion rate will be adjusted in accordance with the make-whole table within the Indenture. Upon conversion, the Company may satisfy its obligation by paying cash for the outstanding principal balance, and, a combination of cash and the Company's common stock, at the Company's election, for the remaining amount, if any, based on the applicable conversion rate.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company entered into separate, privately negotiated transactions to repurchase a portion of the outstanding 2026 Notes (“Repurchased 2026 Notes”). The holders of the Repurchased 2026 Notes exchanged \$597 million in aggregate principal amount for aggregate payments of \$360 million in cash for full settlement of the principal value and accrued interest on such date. The Company accounted for the repurchase as a debt extinguishment. Accordingly, the Company: (i) reduced the carrying value of the Repurchased 2026 Notes by \$597 million, (ii) reduced outstanding deferred issuance costs by \$10 million, (iii) incurred fees of \$2 million and (iv) recorded \$225 million of gain on debt extinguishment. The Company elected to leave the Capped Calls associated with the Repurchased 2026 Notes outstanding.

For the three months ended March 31, 2024, and 2023 total interest expense on the Company's convertible senior notes was \$1 million and \$2 million, respectively.

Capped Calls

In August 2021, in connection with the issuance of the 2026 Notes, the Company purchased capped calls (the “Capped Calls”) from certain financial institutions at a cost of \$119 million. The Capped Calls cover, subject to customary adjustments, the number of shares of the Company's common stock underlying the 2026 Notes. By entering into the Capped Calls, the Company expects to reduce the potential dilution to its common stock (or, in the event of a conversion of the 2026 Notes settled in cash, to reduce its cash payment obligation) in the event that at the time of conversion of the 2026 Notes its common stock price exceeds the conversion price. The Capped Calls have an initial strike price of \$19.23 per share and an initial cap price of \$29.59 per share or a cap price premium of 100%.

6. FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES

The Company uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.**Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share amounts, ratios, or as noted)
(Unaudited)

Following is a discussion of the fair value hierarchy and the valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities recorded at fair value on a recurring and nonrecurring basis and for estimating fair value for financial instruments not recorded at fair value.

Fair Value Hierarchy

Fair value measurements of assets and liabilities are categorized based on the following hierarchy:

Level 1 — Fair value determined based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 — Fair value determined using significant observable inputs, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, or inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data, by correlation or other means.

Level 3 — Fair value determined using significant unobservable inputs, such as pricing models, discounted cash flows, or similar techniques.

Estimation of Fair Value

The following table summarizes the fair value measurement methodologies, including significant inputs and assumptions, and classification of the Company's assets and liabilities.

Asset/Liability Class	Valuation Methodology, Inputs and Assumptions	Classification
Cash and cash equivalents	Carrying value is a reasonable estimate of fair value based on the short-term nature of the instruments.	Level 1 estimated fair value measurement.
Restricted cash	Carrying value is a reasonable estimate of fair value based on the short-term nature of the instruments.	Level 1 estimated fair value measurement.
Marketable securities		
Debt securities	Prices obtained from third-party vendors that compile prices from various sources and often apply matrix pricing for similar securities when no price is observable.	Level 2 recurring fair value measurement.
Equity securities	Price is quoted given the securities are traded on an exchange.	Level 1 recurring fair value measurement.
Non-recourse asset-backed debt		
Credit facilities	Fair value is estimated using discounted cash flows based on current lending rates for similar credit facilities with similar terms and remaining time to maturity.	Carried at amortized cost. Level 2 estimated fair value measurement.
Convertible senior notes	Fair value is estimated using broker quotes and other observable market inputs.	Carried at amortized cost. Level 2 estimated fair value measurement.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share amounts, ratios, or as noted)
(Unaudited)

Assets and Liabilities Recorded at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The following tables present the levels of the fair value hierarchy for the Company's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis (in millions):

March 31, 2024	Balance at Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Marketable securities:				
Corporate debt securities	\$ 25	\$ —	\$ 25	\$ —
Equity securities	12	12	—	—
Total assets	\$ 37	\$ 12	\$ 25	\$ —
December 31, 2023				
Marketable securities:				
Corporate debt securities	\$ 54	\$ —	\$ 54	\$ —
Equity securities	15	15	—	—
Total assets	\$ 69	\$ 15	\$ 54	\$ —

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The following presents the carrying value, estimated fair value and the levels of the fair value hierarchy for the Company's financial instruments other than assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis (in millions):

	March 31, 2024			
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 953	\$ 953	\$ 953	\$ —
Restricted cash	333	333	333	—
Liabilities:				
Non-recourse asset-backed debt	\$ 2,036	\$ 2,050	\$ —	\$ 2,050
Convertible senior notes	376	297	—	297
December 31, 2023				
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 999	\$ 999	\$ 999	\$ —
Restricted cash	541	541	541	—
Liabilities:				
Non-recourse asset-backed debt	\$ 2,134	\$ 2,150	\$ —	\$ 2,150
Convertible senior notes	376	296	—	296

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share amounts, ratios, or as noted)
(Unaudited)

7. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, consisted of the following (in millions):

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Internally developed software	\$ 120	\$ 124
Computers	12	12
Security systems	6	19
Office equipment	2	3
Furniture and fixtures	2	2
Leasehold improvements	2	2
Software implementation costs	1	4
Total	145	166
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(79)	(100)
Property and equipment – net	\$ 66	\$ 66

Depreciation and amortization expense of \$9 million and \$10 million was recorded for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

8. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and the year ended December 31, 2023, there were no additions to goodwill. No impairment of goodwill was identified for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023.

Intangible assets subject to amortization consisted of the following as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively (in millions, except years):

	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Remaining Weighted Average Useful Life (Years)
March 31, 2024				
Developed technology	\$ 17	\$ (14)	\$ 3	0.5
Customer relationships	7	(6)	1	0.4
Trademarks	5	(5)	—	0.4
Intangible assets – net	\$ 29	\$ (25)	\$ 4	
December 31, 2023				
Developed technology	\$ 17	\$ (13)	\$ 4	0.8
Customer relationships	7	(6)	1	0.7
Trademarks	5	(5)	—	0.7
Intangible assets – net	\$ 29	\$ (24)	\$ 5	

Amortization expense for intangible assets was \$2 million for both the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share amounts, ratios, or as noted)
(Unaudited)

As of March 31, 2024, expected amortization of intangible assets is as follows:

Fiscal Years	(In millions)
Remainder of 2024	\$ 4
Total	\$ 4

9. SHARE-BASED AWARDS

Stock options and RSUs

Option awards are generally granted with an exercise price equal to the fair value of the Company's common stock at the date of grant.

A summary of the stock option activity for the three months ended March 31, 2024, is as follows:

	Number of Options (in thousands)	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in millions)
Balance-December 31, 2023	7,820	\$ 2.44	3.3	\$ 16
Exercised	(109)	1.07		
Expired	(2)	2.58		
Balance-March 31, 2024	<u>7,709</u>	\$ 2.46	3.1	\$ 7
Exercisable-March 31, 2024	<u>7,709</u>	\$ 2.46	3.1	\$ 7

A summary of the RSU activity for the three months ended March 31, 2024, is as follows:

	Number of RSUs (in thousands)	Weighted- Average Grant-Date Fair Value
Unvested and outstanding-December 31, 2023	60,896	\$ 4.05
Granted	6,940	3.11
Vested	(9,283)	4.32
Forfeited	(2,287)	6.00
Unvested and outstanding-March 31, 2024	<u>56,266</u>	\$ 3.81

Restricted Shares

The Company has granted Restricted Shares to certain continuing employees, primarily in connection with acquisitions.

ESPP

The first offering period for the Company's 2020 Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("ESPP") began on March 1, 2022. ESPP employee payroll contributions withheld as of March 31, 2024 were \$1 million and are included within Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Payroll contributions withheld as of March 31, 2024 will be used to purchase shares at the end of the current ESPP purchase period ending on August 31, 2024.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.**Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share amounts, ratios, or as noted)
(Unaudited)

The fair value of ESPP purchase rights is estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing valuation model. The following assumptions were applied in the model to estimate the grant-date fair value of the ESPP.

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024
Fair value	\$1.26 - \$1.56
Volatility	88.7% - 89.6%
Risk-free rate	4.94% - 5.27%
Expected life (in years)	0.5 - 1.0
Expected dividend	\$—

As of March 31, 2024, total estimated unrecognized compensation expense related to the ESPP was \$4 million. The unamortized compensation costs are expected to be recognized over the remaining term of the offering period of 0.7 years.

Stock-based compensation expense

Stock-based compensation expense is allocated based on the cost center to which the award holder belongs. The following table summarizes total stock-based compensation expense by function as presented in the condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 (in millions):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
General and administrative	\$ 16	\$ 27
Sales, marketing and operations	5	4
Technology and development	12	11
Total stock-based compensation expense	<u>\$ 33</u>	<u>\$ 42</u>

As of March 31, 2024, there was \$180 million of unamortized stock-based compensation costs related to unvested RSUs. The unamortized compensation costs are expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of approximately 1.8 years.

10. WARRANTS***Marketing Warrants***

On July 28, 2022, the Company entered into a warrant agreement with Zillow, Inc. (“Zillow”) in connection with a partnership arrangement that allows for Zillow to purchase up to 6 million shares of common stock that will vest in tranches (each, a “Tranche”) upon Zillow providing resale marketing services to the Company. As of March 31, 2024, no warrant shares had vested.

11. INCOME TAXES

The Company's tax provision and the resulting effective tax rate for interim periods is determined based upon its estimated annual effective tax rate adjusted for the effect of discrete items arising in that quarter.

The Company's provision for income taxes, which was primarily composed of state tax expense, was \$0.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024, with an effective tax rate of (0.19)%. The Company's provision for income taxes was \$0.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 with an effective tax rate of (0.26)%. The effective tax rate differs from the U.S. statutory tax rate primarily due to the recording of a full valuation allowance against the net deferred tax assets.

The Company evaluated the positive and negative evidence bearing upon the realizability of its deferred tax assets. Based on the Company's history of operating losses, including a three-year cumulative loss position, the Company believes that based

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share amounts, ratios, or as noted)
(Unaudited)

on the weight of available evidence, it is more likely than not that all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized and recorded a full valuation allowance on its net deferred tax assets as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

In December 2021, the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Inclusive Framework on Base Erosion Profit Shifting released Model Global Anti-Base Erosion rules (“Model Rules”) under Pillar Two. The Model Rules set forth the “common approach” for a Global Minimum Tax at 15 percent for multinational enterprises with a turnover of more than 750 million Euros. Rules under Pillar Two were effective from January 1, 2024. The Company does not expect adoption of Pillar Two rules to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements during fiscal year 2024.

12. NET LOSS PER SHARE

Basic net loss per share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted net loss per share is computed based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding plus the effect of dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method. During the periods when there is a net loss, potentially dilutive common stock equivalents have been excluded from the calculation of diluted net loss per share as their effect is anti-dilutive. No dividends were declared or paid for the three months ended March 31, 2024 or 2023.

The Company uses the two-class method to calculate net loss per share and apply the more dilutive of the two-class method, treasury stock method or if-converted method to calculate diluted net loss per share. Undistributed earnings for each period are allocated to participating securities, based on the contractual participation rights of the security to share in the current earnings as if all current period earnings had been distributed. As there is no contractual obligation for participating securities to share in losses, the Company’s basic net loss per share is computed by dividing the net loss attributable to common shareholders by the weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding during periods with undistributed losses.

The following table sets forth the computation of the Company’s basic and diluted net loss per share attributable to common shareholders for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 (in millions, except share amounts which are presented in thousands, and per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Basic and diluted net loss per share:		
Numerator:		
Net loss	\$ (109)	\$ (101)
Denominator:		
Weighted average shares outstanding – basic and diluted	682,457	641,916
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$ (0.16)	\$ (0.16)

There were no preferred dividends declared or accumulated for the periods presented.

For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, 66,754 thousand and 89,578 thousand shares, respectively were not included in the computation of diluted shares outstanding because the effect would be anti-dilutive, or issuance of such shares is contingent upon the satisfaction of certain conditions which were not satisfied by the end of the period.

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Lease Commitments

In May 2023, the Company amended its Tempe, Arizona office lease to partially terminate the Company’s obligation with respect to a portion of the leased premises (“Partial Lease Termination”). The Partial Lease Termination resulted in a decrease of undiscounted, future lease payments of \$19 million. As a result of the Partial Lease Termination, the Company remeasured its operating lease liabilities and recorded a decrease of \$10 million to reflect the reduced lease payments and termination penalties. The Company also recorded a decrease to right-of-use assets of \$9 million based on the proportionate decrease in the

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.**Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share amounts, ratios, or as noted)
(Unaudited)

right-of-use asset, which resulted in a gain of \$1 million recognized in general and administrative expense on the consolidated statements of operations for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Legal Matters

From time to time, the Company may be subject to potential liability relating to the ownership and operations of the Company's properties. Accruals are recorded when the outcome is probable and can be reasonably estimated.

There are various claims and lawsuits arising in the normal course of business pending against the Company, some of which seek damages and other relief which, if granted, may require future cash expenditures. In addition, from time to time the Company receives inquiries and audit requests from various government agencies and fully cooperates with these requests. The Company does not believe that it is reasonably possible that the resolution of these matters would result in any liability that would materially affect the Company's condensed consolidated results of operations or financial condition except as noted below.

On October 7, 2022 and November 22, 2022, purported securities class action lawsuits were filed in the United States District Court for the District of Arizona, captioned *Alich v. Opendoor Technologies Inc., et al.* (Case No. 2:22-cv-01717-JFM) ("Alich") and *Oakland County Voluntary Employee's Beneficiary Association, et al. v. Opendoor Technologies Inc., et al.* (Case No. 2:22-cv-01987-GMS) ("Oakland County"), respectively. The lawsuits were consolidated into a single action, captioned *In re Opendoor Technologies Inc. Securities Litigation* (Case No. 2:22-CV-01717-MTL). The consolidated amended complaint names as defendants the Company, Social Capital Hedosophia Holdings Corp. II (SCH"), certain of the Company's current and former officers and directors and the underwriters of a securities offering the Company made in February 2021. The complaint alleges that the Company and certain officers violated Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act and SEC Rule 10b-5, and that the Company, SCH, certain officers and directors and the underwriters violated Section 11 of the Securities Act, in each case by making materially false or misleading statements related to the effectiveness of the Company's pricing algorithm. The plaintiffs also allege that certain defendants violated Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act and Section 15 of the Securities Act, respectively, which provide for control person liability. The complaint asserts claims on behalf of all persons and entities that purchased, or otherwise acquired, Company common stock between December 21, 2020 and November 3, 2022 or pursuant to offering documents issued in connection with our business combination with SCH and the secondary public offering conducted by the Company in February 2021. The plaintiffs seek class certification, an award of unspecified compensatory damages, an award of interest and reasonable costs and expenses, including attorneys' fees and expert fees, and other and further relief as the court may deem just and proper. The defendants filed motions to dismiss on June 30, 2023, which the court granted on February 27, 2024 without prejudice. On March 13, 2024, the plaintiffs filed a motion for reconsideration of certain portions of the court's order dismissing the complaint, which is pending before the court. We continue to believe that the allegations in the complaint are without merit and we intend to vigorously defend ourselves in the matter.

On March 1, 2023 and March 15, 2023, shareholder derivative lawsuits were filed in the United States District Court for the District of Arizona, captioned *Carlson v. Rice, et al.* (Case No. 2:23-cv-00367-GMS) and *Van Dorn v. Wu, et al.* (Case No. 2:23-cv-00455-DMF), respectively, which were subsequently consolidated into a single action, captioned *Carlson v. Rice* (Case No. 2:23-CV-00367-GMS). Plaintiffs voluntarily dismissed the matter on June 22, 2023, and thereafter re-filed complaints in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware, captioned *Carlson v. Rice, et al.* (Case No. 2023-0642) and *Van Dorn v. Rice, et al.* (Case No. 2023-0643). The cases have been consolidated into a single action, captioned *Opendoor Technologies Inc. Stockholder Derivative Litigation* (Case No. 2023-0642). On June 29, 2023, a shareholder derivative lawsuit was filed in the United States District Court for the District of Delaware, captioned *Juul v. Wu, et al.* (Case No. 1:23-cv-00705-UNA). The complaints in each matter are based on the same facts and circumstances as *In re Opendoor Technologies Inc. Securities Litigation* and name certain officers and directors of the Company as defendants. The defendants are alleged to have violated Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act and SEC Rule 10b-5 and breached fiduciary duties. The plaintiffs seek to maintain the derivative actions on behalf of the Company, an award of unspecified compensatory damages, an order directing the Company to reform its corporate governance and internal procedures, restitutionary relief, an award of interest and expenses, including attorneys' fees and expert fees, and other and further relief as the court may deem just and proper. These derivative actions have been stayed pending further developments in *In re Opendoor Technologies Inc. Securities Litigation*.

On October 13, 2023, a shareholder derivative lawsuit was filed in the United States District Court for the District of Delaware, captioned *Woods, et al. v. Bain, et al.* (Case No. 1:23-cv-01158-UNA). The complaint is based on facts and circumstances related to *In re Opendoor Technologies Inc. Securities Litigation*. The plaintiffs have brought claims against

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.**Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share amounts, ratios, or as noted)
(Unaudited)

certain current and former directors and officers of the Company for breach of fiduciary duty, contribution under Sections 10(b) and 21D of the Exchange Act, SEC Rule 10b-5, violations of Section 14(a) of the Exchange Act, and SEC Rule 14a-9 promulgated thereunder. The plaintiffs seek to maintain the derivative action on behalf of the Company, an award of unspecified compensatory damages, an order directing one of the defendants to disgorge monies allegedly obtained from certain personal sales of Company stock, equitable relief, an award of interest and expenses, including attorneys' fees and expert fees, and other and further relief as the court may deem just and proper. This derivative action has been stayed pending further developments in *In re Opendoor Technologies Inc. Securities Litigation*.

On October 18, 2023, a shareholder derivative lawsuit was filed in the United States District Court for the District of Arizona, captioned *Gera v. Palihapitiya, et al.* (Case No. 2:23-cv-02164-SMB). The complaint is based on facts and circumstances related to *In re Opendoor Technologies Inc. Securities Litigation*, and names as defendants certain current and former officers and directors of the Company and SCH Sponsor II LLC. The complaint alleges that the defendants violated Section 14(a) of the Exchange Act, and SEC Rule 14a-9 promulgated thereunder. The plaintiff seeks to maintain the derivative action on behalf of the Company, an award of unspecified compensatory damages, an order directing the Company to reform certain corporate governance and internal procedures, restitution, an award of cost and expenses, including attorneys' fees and expert fees, and other and further relief as the court may deem just and proper. The defendants filed motions to dismiss on February 8, 2024, which are pending before the court.

14. RESTRUCTURING

In 2023, the Company initiated workforce reductions, impacting approximately 680 employees. The Company provided severance and other termination benefits ("Post-Employment Benefits") to impacted employees.

The following table presents the activity of the restructuring liability as of March 31, 2024 (in millions):

	March 31, 2024
Balance-December 31, 2023	\$ 3
Additions charged to expense	—
Cash payments	(3)
Balance- March 31, 2024	\$ —

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated the impact of events that have occurred subsequent to March 31, 2024, through the date the condensed consolidated financial statements were filed with the SEC. Based on this evaluation, other than as recorded or disclosed within these condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes, the Company has determined that there are no material subsequent events that would require recognition or disclosure.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.
Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share data and ratios, or as noted)

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis provides information that our management believes is relevant to an assessment and understanding of our condensed consolidated results of operations and financial condition. The discussion should be read together with the historical condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes that appear in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

This discussion may contain forward-looking statements based upon current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including those set forth under “Forward-Looking Statements,” “Risk Factors,” or in other parts of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and in “Part I - Item 1A. Risk Factors” in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 (the “Annual Report”).

Overview

Opendoor’s mission is to power life’s progress, one move at a time. Residential real estate is a trillion-dollar industry underpinned by a process that is complicated, time-consuming, stressful, and offline. We believe all consumers deserve to buy, sell, and move between homes with simplicity and confidence, and we have dedicated almost a decade to delivering on this vision. We have built unique pricing and operations capabilities to become one of the largest buyers and sellers of homes in the United States. Since our founding, we have helped customers to buy or sell homes in over 253,000 transactions and have expanded our footprint to 50 markets across the country.

Financial Highlights and Operating Metrics

(in millions, except percentages, homes purchased, homes sold, number of markets, and homes in inventory)	Three Months Ended March 31,		Change
	2024	2023	
Revenue	\$ 1,181	\$ 3,120	\$ (1,939)
Gross profit	\$ 114	\$ 170	\$ (56)
Gross margin	9.7 %	5.4 %	
Net loss	\$ (109)	\$ (101)	\$ (8)
Number of markets (at period end)	50	53	(3)
Homes sold	3,078	8,274	(5,196)
Homes purchased	3,458	1,747	1,711
Homes in inventory (at period end)	5,706	6,261	(555)
Inventory (at period end)	\$ 1,881	\$ 2,118	\$ (237)
Percentage of homes “on the market” for greater than 120 days (at period end)	15 %	59 %	
Non-GAAP Financial Highlights ⁽¹⁾			
Contribution Profit (Loss)	\$ 57	\$ (241)	\$ 298
Contribution Margin	4.8 %	(7.7)%	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ (50)	\$ (341)	\$ 291
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	(4.2)%	(10.9)%	
Adjusted Net Loss	\$ (80)	\$ (409)	\$ 329

⁽¹⁾ See “—Non-GAAP Financial Measures” for further details and a reconciliation of such non-GAAP measures to their nearest comparable GAAP measures.

Current Housing Environment

The U.S. economy continues to show steady growth, unemployment remains low and, while inflation has slowed from its peak, it remains above the Federal Reserve’s targeted 2% inflation rate. Since the start of the year, 30-year fixed mortgage rates

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.**Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share data and ratios, or as noted)

have climbed by approximately 50 basis points as recent economic data suggests that interest rate decreases are less imminent than previously expected.

In the first quarter of 2024, housing market transactions were at an annual rate of approximately 4 million, below the 10 year average of over 5 million annual transactions. This is due to a combination of many homeowners locked into existing low-rate mortgages and home buyer affordability constraints. Against that backdrop, we have continued to observe balanced supply and demand, which has translated through to stable short-term home prices.

We expect transaction volumes to gradually increase as mortgage rates eventually decline and demographic factors contribute to natural home turnover. In the interim, we look to drive growth by gaining market share through increased brand awareness and expansions across our partnership channels. We will continue to preserve flexibility in setting spreads to operate against a range of macroeconomic outcomes in 2024.

Factors Affecting our Business Performance***Market Penetration in Existing Markets***

Residential real estate is one of the largest consumer markets in the United States, of which less than 1% of the estimated \$1.6 trillion of home value transacted annually is conducted online. Given the fact that we operate in a highly fragmented industry and offer a differentiated value proposition to the traditional offline selling process, we believe there is significant opportunity to expand our share in our existing markets. By providing a consistent, high-quality and differentiated experience to our customers, we hope to continue to drive positive word-of-mouth awareness and trust in our platform.

We are steadily growing our reach via our partnership channels with homebuilders, agents, and online real estate platforms. We have relationships with the three largest online real estate platforms, Zillow, Redfin and Realtor.com, which collectively reach millions of unique monthly visitors. We launched our partnership agreement with Zillow, Inc. in early 2023, allowing home sellers on the Zillow, Inc. platform to request an offer directly from Opendoor, and creating an additional channel for us to drive brand awareness and acquire customers. As of March 31, 2024, our partnership was live in 45 markets. In the fourth quarter of 2023, we announced a new partnership agreement with eXp Realty, the largest independent real estate company in the world. At the end of February 2024, our eXp Realty partnership went live, enabling eXp Realty's agents to easily request an Opendoor cash offer on qualifying properties directly within their eXp dashboard to present alongside the option of a market listing for their client's home. In addition to driving incremental acquisitions, we expect this partnership to build our brand awareness within the agent community and serve as another avenue for sellers to learn about the benefits of our flagship cash offer.

A continued source of growth is re-engagement with our base of registered sellers, meaning sellers that have received an offer from Opendoor but have not yet sold their home. In the last ten years, we have sent millions of offers and, while not everyone is ready to act when they request an offer, we treat everyone as a potential future seller. We perpetually iterate on our reengagement strategies and believe that our registered customer base will continue to be an important source of home acquisition volumes.

Market Footprint

The following table represents the number of markets we operated in as of the periods presented:

(in whole numbers)	March 31,	Year Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022	2021
Number of markets (at period end)	50	50	53	44

Due to the deteriorating macro environment in 2022 and 2023, we slowed down our new market expansion plans and are focused on expanding our share in our existing markets.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.**Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share data and ratios, or as noted)

Adjacent Services

We believe home sellers and buyers value simplicity and certainty. To that end, we are building an online, integrated suite of home services, which currently includes title insurance, escrow services and real estate brokerage services.

Our success with title insurance and escrow services helps validate our view that customers prefer an online, integrated experience. We will continue to evaluate new ways to improve our end-to-end solution and expect to invest in additional adjacent products and services over time with the expectation that these adjacent services will continue to improve our unit economics.

Unit Economics

We view Contribution Margin as a key measure of unit economic performance. Contribution Margin is a non-GAAP financial measure. See “—*Non-GAAP Financial Measures*” for further details and a reconciliation of Contribution Margin to Gross Margin. Our long-term financial performance depends, in part, on continuing to maintain and expand unit margins through the following initiatives:

- Optimization and enhancements of our pricing engine;
- Platform efficiency improvements through greater automation and self-service;
- Incremental attach of services, which supplement the core transaction margin profile; and
- Expansion of our listing and marketplace product offerings, which will reduce our inventory exposure and capital intensity, and eliminate the holding and selling costs associated with taking ownership of the home.

Inventory Management

Effectively managing our overall inventory position and balancing growth, margin, and risk are critical to our financial performance. Since our inception, we have prioritized investment in our pricing capabilities across our home acquisition processes and our forecasting and resale systems, and will continue to do so. As part of our overall risk management framework, we consider both individual market and aggregate portfolio exposures. We typically seek to maximize the resale margin performance of our inventory in the context of managing overall risk and inventory health through monitoring sell-through rates, holding periods, and portfolio aging, and we will adjust down listed prices on our inventory when appropriate to stay in-line with market sell-through rates and drive resale clearance. We also adjust the spreads embedded in our offers to respond to current market conditions, both at a macro and local level. (Spreads are defined as total discount to our home valuation at time of offer less the Opendoor service fee of 5%.)

Real estate inventory is reviewed for valuation adjustments on a quarterly basis. If the carrying amount for a given home is not expected to be recovered, an inventory valuation adjustment is recorded to cost of revenue and the home's carrying value is adjusted to its net realizable value. Inventory valuation adjustments are not offset by any expected gains and are not reversed or adjusted should the expected net realizable value subsequently increase. We recorded inventory valuation adjustments of \$7 million and \$23 million during the three months ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023, respectively. See “*Part II – Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates – Real Estate Inventory*” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

As one key measure of inventory management performance, we evaluate our portfolio metrics relative to the broader market (as observed on the multiple listing services (“MLS”)). One such metric is our percentage of homes “on the market” for greater than 120 days as measured from initial listing date. As of March 31, 2024, such homes represented 15% of our portfolio, compared to 19% for the broader market when filtered for the types of homes we are able to underwrite and acquire in a given market based on characteristics such as price range, home type, home location, year built and lot size (which we refer to as our “buybox”).

Inventory Financing

Our business model is working capital intensive and inventory financing is a key enabler of our growth. We primarily rely on our access to non-recourse asset-backed debt, which consists of asset-backed senior debt facilities and asset-backed

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.**Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share data and ratios, or as noted)

mezzanine term debt facilities, to finance our home acquisitions. See “—*Liquidity and Capital Resources — Debt and Financing Arrangements.*”

Seasonality

The residential real estate market is seasonal, with greater demand and home price appreciation from home buyers in the spring and summer, and typically weaker demand and lower home price appreciation in late fall and winter. In general, we expect our financial results and working capital requirements to reflect seasonal variations over time. However, other factors, including growth, market expansion and changes in macroeconomic conditions, such as rising inflation and interest rate increases as recently observed, have obscured the impact of seasonality in our historical financials and we expect may continue to do so.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to our results of operations below, we report certain financial measures that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”).

These measures have limitations as analytical tools when assessing our operating performance and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for GAAP measures, including gross profit and net loss. We may calculate or present our non-GAAP financial measures differently than other companies who report measures with similar titles and, as a result, the non-GAAP financial measures we report may not be comparable with those of companies in our industry or in other industries.

Adjusted Gross Profit (Loss) and Contribution Profit (Loss)

To provide investors with additional information regarding our margins and return on inventory acquired, we have included Adjusted Gross Profit (Loss) and Contribution Profit (Loss), which are non-GAAP financial measures. We believe that Adjusted Gross Profit (Loss) and Contribution Profit (Loss) are useful financial measures for investors as they are supplemental measures used by management in evaluating unit level economics and our operating performance. Each of these measures is intended to present the economics related to homes sold during a given period. We do so by including revenue generated from homes sold (and adjacent services) in the period and only the expenses that are directly attributable to such home sales, even if such expenses were recognized in prior periods, and excluding expenses related to homes that remain in inventory as of the end of the period. Contribution Profit (Loss) provides investors a measure to assess Opendoor's ability to generate returns on homes sold during a reporting period after considering home purchase costs, renovation and repair costs, holding costs and selling costs.

Adjusted Gross Profit (Loss) and Contribution Profit (Loss) are supplemental measures of our operating performance and have limitations as analytical tools. For example, these measures include costs that were recorded in prior periods under GAAP and exclude, in connection with homes held in inventory at the end of the period, costs required to be recorded under GAAP in the same period. Accordingly, these measures should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. We include a reconciliation of these measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, which is gross profit.

Adjusted Gross Profit (Loss) / Margin

We calculate Adjusted Gross Profit (Loss) as gross profit under GAAP adjusted for (1) inventory valuation adjustment in the current period, and (2) inventory valuation adjustment in prior periods. Inventory valuation adjustment in the current period is calculated by adding back the inventory valuation adjustments recorded during the period on homes that remain in inventory at period end. Inventory valuation adjustment in prior periods is calculated by subtracting the inventory valuation adjustments recorded in prior periods on homes sold in the current period. We define Adjusted Gross Margin as Adjusted Gross Profit (Loss) as a percentage of revenue.

We view this metric as an important measure of business performance as it captures gross margin performance isolated to homes sold in a given period and provides comparability across reporting periods. Adjusted Gross Profit (Loss) helps management assess home pricing, service fees and renovation performance for a specific resale cohort.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share data and ratios, or as noted)

Contribution Profit (Loss) / Margin

We calculate Contribution Profit (Loss) as Adjusted Gross Profit (Loss), minus certain costs incurred on homes sold during the current period including: (1) holding costs incurred in the current period, (2) holding costs incurred in prior periods, and (3) direct selling costs. The composition of our holding costs is described in the footnotes to the reconciliation table below. Contribution Margin is Contribution Profit (Loss) as a percentage of revenue.

We view this metric as an important measure of business performance as it captures the unit level performance isolated to homes sold in a given period and provides comparability across reporting periods. Contribution Profit (Loss) helps management assess inflows and outflows directly associated with a specific resale cohort.

The following table presents a reconciliation of our Adjusted Gross Profit (Loss) and Contribution Profit (Loss) to our gross profit, which is the most directly comparable GAAP measure, for the periods indicated:

(in millions, except percentages)	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Revenue (GAAP)	\$ 1,181	\$ 3,120
Gross profit (GAAP)	\$ 114	\$ 170
<i>Gross Margin</i>	9.7 %	5.4 %
Adjustments:		
Inventory valuation adjustment – Current Period ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	7	23
Inventory valuation adjustment – Prior Periods ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	(17)	(295)
Adjusted Gross Profit (Loss)	\$ 104	\$ (102)
<i>Adjusted Gross Margin</i>	8.8 %	(3.3)%
Adjustments:		
Direct selling costs ⁽⁴⁾	(34)	(85)
Holding costs on sales – Current Period ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾	(5)	(13)
Holding costs on sales – Prior Periods ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁷⁾	(8)	(41)
Contribution Profit (Loss)	\$ 57	\$ (241)
<i>Contribution Margin</i>	4.8 %	(7.7)%

⁽¹⁾ Inventory valuation adjustment includes adjustments to record real estate inventory at the lower of its carrying amount or its net realizable value.

⁽²⁾ Inventory valuation adjustment — Current Period is the inventory valuation adjustments recorded during the period presented associated with homes that remain in inventory at period end.

⁽³⁾ Inventory valuation adjustment — Prior Periods is the inventory valuation adjustments recorded in prior periods associated with homes that sold in the period presented.

⁽⁴⁾ Represents selling costs incurred related to homes sold in the relevant period. This primarily includes broker commissions, external title and escrow-related fees and transfer taxes.

⁽⁵⁾ Holding costs include mainly property taxes, insurance, utilities, homeowners association dues, cleaning and maintenance costs. Holding costs are included in Sales, marketing, and operations on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

⁽⁶⁾ Represents holding costs incurred in the period presented on homes sold in the period presented.

⁽⁷⁾ Represents holding costs incurred in prior periods on homes sold in the period presented.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.**Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share data and ratios, or as noted)

Adjusted Net Loss and Adjusted EBITDA

We also present Adjusted Net Loss and Adjusted EBITDA, which are non-GAAP financial measures that management uses to assess our underlying financial performance. These measures are also commonly used by investors and analysts to compare the underlying performance of companies in our industry. We believe these measures provide investors with meaningful period over period comparisons of our underlying performance, adjusted for certain charges that are non-cash, not directly related to our revenue-generating operations, not aligned to related revenue, or not reflective of ongoing operating results that vary in frequency and amount.

Adjusted Net Loss and Adjusted EBITDA are supplemental measures of our operating performance and have important limitations. For example, these measures exclude the impact of certain costs required to be recorded under GAAP. These measures also include inventory valuation adjustments that were recorded in prior periods under GAAP and exclude, in connection with homes held in inventory at the end of the period, inventory valuation adjustments required to be recorded under GAAP in the same period. These measures could differ substantially from similarly titled measures presented by other companies in our industry or companies in other industries. Accordingly, these measures should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. We include a reconciliation of these measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, which is net loss.

Adjusted Net Loss

We calculate Adjusted Net Loss as GAAP net loss adjusted to exclude non-cash expenses of stock-based compensation, equity securities fair value adjustment, and intangibles amortization expense. It excludes (gain) loss on extinguishment of debt as these expenses or gains were incurred as a result of decisions made by management to repay portions of our outstanding credit facilities and the 0.25% convertible senior notes due in 2026 (the "2026 Notes") early; these expenses are not reflective of ongoing operating results and vary in frequency and amount. Adjusted Net Loss also aligns the timing of inventory valuation adjustments recorded under GAAP to the period in which the related revenue is recorded in order to improve the comparability of this measure to our non-GAAP financial measures of unit economics, as described above. Our calculation of Adjusted Net Loss does not currently include the tax effects of the non-GAAP adjustments because our taxes and such tax effects have not been material to date.

Adjusted EBITDA / Margin

We calculated Adjusted EBITDA as Adjusted Net Loss adjusted for depreciation and amortization, property financing and other interest expense, interest income, and income tax expense. Adjusted EBITDA is a supplemental performance measure that our management uses to assess our operating performance and the operating leverage in our business. Adjusted EBITDA Margin is Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenue.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share data and ratios, or as noted)

The following table presents a reconciliation of our Adjusted Net Loss and Adjusted EBITDA to our net loss, which is the most directly comparable GAAP measure, for the periods indicated:

(in millions, except percentages)	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Revenue (GAAP)	\$ 1,181	\$ 3,120
Net loss (GAAP)	\$ (109)	\$ (101)
Adjustments:		
Stock-based compensation	33	42
Equity securities fair value adjustment ⁽¹⁾	2	(1)
Intangibles amortization expense ⁽²⁾	2	2
Inventory valuation adjustment – Current Period ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	7	23
Inventory valuation adjustment – Prior Periods ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	(17)	(295)
Gain on extinguishment of debt	—	(78)
Other ⁽⁶⁾	2	(1)
Adjusted Net Loss	\$ (80)	\$ (409)
Adjustments:		
Depreciation and amortization, excluding amortization of intangibles	11	12
Property financing ⁽⁷⁾	32	60
Other interest expense ⁽⁸⁾	5	14
Interest income ⁽⁹⁾	(18)	(18)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ (50)	\$ (341)
<i>Adjusted EBITDA Margin</i>	(4.2)%	(10.9)%

⁽¹⁾ Represents the gains and losses on certain financial instruments, which are marked to fair value at the end of each period.

⁽²⁾ Represents amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets. The acquired intangible assets have useful lives ranging from 1 to 5 years and amortization is expected until the intangible assets are fully amortized.

⁽³⁾ Inventory valuation adjustment includes adjustments to record real estate inventory at the lower of its carrying amount or its net realizable value.

⁽⁴⁾ Inventory valuation adjustment — Current Period is the inventory valuation adjustments recorded during the period presented associated with homes that remain in inventory at period end.

⁽⁵⁾ Inventory valuation adjustment — Prior Periods is the inventory valuation adjustments recorded in prior periods associated with homes that sold in the period presented.

⁽⁶⁾ Includes primarily gain or loss on the sale of available for sale securities, sublease income, gain or loss on the disposal of property and equipment, and income from equity method investments.

⁽⁷⁾ Includes interest expense on our non-recourse asset-backed debt facilities.

⁽⁸⁾ Includes amortization of debt issuance costs and loan origination fees, commitment fees, unused fees, other interest related costs on our asset-backed debt facilities, and interest expense related to the 2026 Notes outstanding.

⁽⁹⁾ Consists mainly of interest earned on cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and marketable securities.

Components of Our Results of Operations
Revenue

We generate the majority of our revenue from the sale of homes that we previously acquired from homeowners. In addition, we generate revenue from additional services we provide to both home sellers and buyers, which consists primarily of title insurance and escrow services and brokerage services.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.**Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share data and ratios, or as noted)

Home sales revenue from selling residential real estate is recognized when title to and possession of the property has transferred to the buyer and we have no continuing involvement with the property, which is generally the close of escrow. The amount of revenue recognized for each home sale is equal to the sale price of the home net of any concessions.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue includes the property purchase price, acquisition costs, and direct costs to renovate or repair the home. These costs are accumulated in real estate inventory during the property holding period and charged to cost of revenue under the specific identification method when the property is sold. Real estate inventory is reviewed for valuation adjustments at least quarterly. If the carrying amount for a given home is not expected to be recovered, an inventory valuation adjustment is recorded to cost of revenue and the home's carrying value is adjusted to its net realizable value. Additionally, for our revenue other than home sales revenue, cost of revenue consists of any costs incurred in delivering the service, including associated headcount expenses such as salaries, benefits, and stock-based compensation.

Operating Expenses***Sales, Marketing and Operations Expense***

Sales, marketing and operations expense consists primarily of broker commissions (paid to the home buyers' real estate agents and third-party listing agents, if applicable), resale closing costs, holding costs related to real estate inventory including utilities, property taxes and maintenance, and expenses associated with product marketing, promotions and brand-building. Sales, marketing and operations expense also includes any headcount expenses in support of sales, marketing, and real estate operations such as salaries, benefits and stock-based compensation.

General and Administrative Expense

General and administrative expense consists primarily of headcount expenses, including salaries, benefits and stock-based compensation for our executive, finance, human resources, legal and administrative personnel, third-party professional services fees and rent expense.

Technology and Development Expense

Technology and development expense consists primarily of headcount expenses, including salaries, benefits and stock-based compensation for employees in the design, development, testing, maintenance and operation of our mobile applications, websites, tools, applications, and mobile apps that support our products. Technology and development expense also includes amortization of capitalized software development costs and third-party software and hosting costs.

Gain on Extinguishment of Debt

Gain on extinguishment of debt is primarily related to the Company's partial repurchase of the 2026 Notes at a discount net of unamortized deferred costs associated with the 2026 Notes. Gain on extinguishment of debt also includes any gains or losses recognized in conjunction with the termination of debt facilities, partial debt extinguishments, and unamortized deferred costs associated with these facilities. See *Part I – Item 1. Financial Statements – Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 5. Credit Facilities and Long-Term Debt—Convertible Senior Notes* for additional information regarding the 2026 Notes.

Interest Expense

Interest expense consists primarily of interest paid or payable and the amortization of debt discounts and debt issuance costs. Interest expense varies period over period, primarily due to fluctuations in our inventory volumes and changes in the floating benchmark interest rates ("Benchmark Rates"), based on the secured overnight financing rate ("SOFR"), plus an applicable margin, which impact the interest incurred on our senior revolving credit facilities (see "*Liquidity and Capital Resources – Debt and Financing Arrangements*").

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share data and ratios, or as noted)

We expect our overall interest expense to increase as inventory increases. Subject to market conditions and cost of capital trade-offs, we will evaluate opportunities to expand our sources of financing over time, which may allow us to diversify our mix of financing sources to include more cost-effective financing relative to our higher cost mezzanine term debt facilities.

Other Income — Net

Other income – net consists primarily of interest income on our Cash and Restricted cash balances and from our investment in money market funds, time deposits, and debt securities as well as changes in fair value of, and dividend income from, our investment in equity securities.

Income Tax Expense

We record income taxes using the asset and liability method. Under this method, deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recorded based on the estimated future tax effects of differences between the financial statement and income tax basis of existing assets and liabilities. These differences are measured using the enacted statutory tax rates that are expected to apply to taxable income for the years in which differences are expected to reverse. We recognize the effect on deferred income taxes of a change in tax rates in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

We record a valuation allowance to reduce our deferred tax assets and liabilities to the net amount that we believe is more likely than not to be realized. We consider all available evidence, both positive and negative, including historical levels of income, expectations and risks associated with estimates of future taxable income and ongoing tax planning strategies in assessing the need for a valuation allowance.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth our results of operations for each of the periods presented:

(in thousands, except percentages)	Three Months Ended March 31,		Change in	
	2024	2023	\$	%
Revenue	\$ 1,181	\$ 3,120	\$ (1,939)	(62)%
Cost of revenue	1,067	2,950	(1,883)	(64)%
Gross profit	114	170	(56)	(33)%
Operating expenses:				
Sales, marketing and operations	113	188	(75)	(40)%
General and administrative	47	66	(19)	(29)%
Technology and development	41	40	1	3 %
Total operating expenses	201	294	(93)	(32)%
Loss from operations	(87)	(124)	37	(30)%
Gain on extinguishment of debt	—	78	(78)	(100)%
Interest expense	(37)	(74)	37	(50)%
Other income-net	15	19	(4)	(21)%
Loss before income taxes	(109)	(101)	(8)	8 %
Income tax expense	—	—	—	N/M
Net loss	\$ (109)	\$ (101)	\$ (8)	8 %

N/M - Not meaningful.

Revenue

Revenue decreased by \$1.9 billion, or 62%, for the three months ended March 31, 2024 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2023. The decrease in revenue was primarily attributable to lower sales volumes in the first quarter of 2024. We sold 3,078 homes during the three months ended March 31, 2024, compared to 8,274 homes during the three months ended March 31, 2023, representing a decrease of 63%. Revenue per home sold increased 2% between the same periods. The decrease in sales volumes was a result of the proactive reduction of our inventory acquisition pace beginning in the third quarter of 2022

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.**Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share data and ratios, or as noted)

via higher spreads embedded in our offers and lower marketing investment in reaction to volatility in the U.S. housing market. The Company entered 2024 with 5,326 homes in inventory as compared to 12,788 homes in inventory at the start of 2023, representing a 58% decrease of homes available for resale.

Cost of Revenue and Gross Profit

Cost of revenue decreased by \$1.9 billion, or 64%, for the three months ended March 31, 2024 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2023. The decrease in cost of revenue was primarily attributable to lower sales volumes and a 3% decrease in cost of revenue per home, excluding valuation adjustments on homes in inventory at period end, due to the slowdown in inventory acquisition pacing as discussed above. In addition, the decrease in cost of revenue is attributable to a decrease in inventory valuation adjustments on homes in inventory at period end, which were \$7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024 compared to \$23 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023. The decrease in inventory valuation adjustments reflects relative home price stabilization as well as higher spreads embedded in our home acquisition offers.

Gross profit decreased from \$170 million to \$114 million and gross margin increased from 5.4% to 9.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2024, respectively. For the same periods, Adjusted Gross Margin increased from (3.3)% to 8.8% and Contribution Margin increased from (7.7)% to 4.8%. The increase in gross margin, Adjusted Gross Margin and Contribution Margin reflects relative home price stabilization as well as higher spreads embedded in our acquisition offers beginning in the third quarter of 2022. The increase in gross profit is also attributable to a decrease in inventory valuation adjustments on homes in inventory at period end, which were \$7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024 compared to \$23 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023. Contribution Margin and Adjusted Gross Margin are non-GAAP financial measures. See “— Non-GAAP Financial Measures” for further details and a reconciliation of such non-GAAP measures to their nearest comparable GAAP measures.

Operating Expenses

Sales, Marketing and Operations. Sales, marketing and operations decreased by \$75 million, or 40%, for the three months ended March 31, 2024 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2023. The decrease was primarily attributable to a \$51 million decrease in resale transaction costs and broker commissions, consistent with the 62% decrease in revenue during the same period. Property holding costs decreased by \$13 million, consistent with decreased inventory levels compared to the three months ended March 31, 2023. In addition, for the same period, headcount expenses, including salaries and benefits, and contingent labor expenses decreased \$11 million, which was largely attributable to workforce reductions and a reduction in contingent labor in 2023. Advertising expense remained consistent at \$27 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2024.

General and Administrative. General and administrative decreased by \$19 million, or 29%, for the three months ended March 31, 2024 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2023. The decrease was mainly attributable to an \$11 million decrease in stock-based compensation, which was primarily related to the forfeiture of certain executive restricted stock units (“RSUs”), including performance-based awards. Headcount expenses, including salaries and benefits, decreased \$2 million, which was primarily attributable to workforce reductions in 2023. In addition, depreciation expense decreased \$2 million due to a decrease in fixed asset additions and an increase in fully depreciated assets during 2023.

Technology and Development. Technology and development changed by a nominal amount for the three months ended March 31, 2024 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2023.

Gain on Extinguishment of Debt

Gain on extinguishment of debt decreased by \$78 million, or 100%, for the three months ended March 31, 2024 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2023. The gain on extinguishment of debt during the three months ended March 31, 2023 resulted from the Company's partial repurchase of its 2026 Notes in March 2023 at a discount net of unamortized deferred costs associated with the 2026 Notes, partially offset by expenses related to partial debt extinguishments.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.**Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share data and ratios, or as noted)

Interest Expense

Interest expense decreased by \$37 million, or 50%, for the three months ended March 31, 2024 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2023. The decrease was primarily attributable to a significant decrease in average balances in our non-recourse asset-backed debt as well as a reduction in our weighted average interest rate as a result of a partial repayment of our outstanding mezzanine debt and repayment of all floating-rate senior revolving credit facilities.

Other Income — Net

Other income – net decreased by \$4 million, or 21%, for the three months ended March 31, 2024 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2023. The decrease was primarily attributable to a change in fair value adjustments on marketable securities and to lower interest income due to a reduction in the average cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash balances.

Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense changed by a nominal amount for the three months ended March 31, 2024 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2023.

Liquidity and Capital Resources*Overview*

Our principal sources of liquidity have historically consisted of cash generated from our operations and from financing activities. As of March 31, 2024, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$953 million, restricted cash of \$333 million, and marketable securities of \$37 million. The decline in our cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities balance of \$78 million as compared to December 31, 2023 resulted primarily from operating losses. The decrease in our restricted cash balance of \$208 million as compared to December 31, 2023 was primarily a result of the \$114 million increase in real estate inventory and \$100 million principal payments on non-recourse asset-backed debt.

As of March 31, 2024, the Company had total outstanding balances on our asset-backed debt of \$2.1 billion and aggregate principal outstanding from convertible senior notes of \$381 million. In addition, we had undrawn borrowing capacity of \$6.0 billion under our non-recourse asset-backed debt facilities (as described further below), of which \$400 million was committed.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company entered into separate, privately negotiated transactions to repurchase a portion of the outstanding 2026 Notes (“Repurchased 2026 Notes”). We repurchased approximately \$597 million in aggregate principal amount of our 2026 Notes as further described in “Part I – Item 1. Financial Statements – Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 5. Credit Facilities and Long-Term Debt – Convertible Senior Notes” in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. As market conditions warrant, we may, from time to time, repurchase additional outstanding debt securities in the open market, in privately negotiated transactions, by tender offer, by exchange transaction or otherwise. Such repurchases, if any, will be upon such terms and at such prices as we may determine, and will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity and other factors and may be commenced or suspended at any time. The amounts involved and total consideration paid may be material.

We have incurred losses from inception through March 31, 2024, with the exception of net income during the three months ended March 31, 2022 and three months ended June 30, 2023, and we expect to incur additional losses in the future. Our ability to service our debt and fund working capital, business operations and capital expenditures will depend on our ability to generate cash from operating activities, which is subject to our future operating success, and ability to obtain inventory acquisition financing on reasonable terms, which is subject to factors beyond our control, including potential economic recession, rising interest rates, inflation and general economic, political and financial market conditions.

Our working capital requirements may increase should our inventory balance increase. We believe our cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities, together with cash we expect to generate from future operations and borrowings, will be sufficient to meet our working capital and capital expenditure requirements for a period of at least 12 months from the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.**Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share data and ratios, or as noted)

Debt and Financing Arrangements

Our financing activities include: short-term borrowings under our asset-backed senior revolving credit facilities; the issuance of long-term asset-backed senior term debt, asset-backed mezzanine term debt, and convertible debt; and new issuances of equity. Historically, we have required access to external financing resources in order to fund growth, expansion into new markets and strategic initiatives and we expect this to continue in the future. Our access to capital markets can be impacted by factors outside our control, including economic conditions.

We primarily use non-recourse asset-backed debt, consisting of asset-backed senior debt facilities and asset-backed mezzanine term debt facilities, to provide financing for our real estate inventory purchases and renovations. Our business is capital intensive and maintaining adequate liquidity and capital resources is needed as we continue to scale and accumulate additional inventory. We intend to actively manage our relationships with multiple financial institutions and seek to optimize duration, flexibility, efficiency and cost of funds, but there can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain sufficient capital for our business or to do so on acceptable financial and other terms.

Our asset-backed facilities are each collateralized by a specified pool of assets, consisting of real estate inventory, restricted cash and equity interests in certain consolidated subsidiaries of Opendoor that directly or indirectly own our real estate inventory. The terms of our inventory financing facilities require an Opendoor subsidiary to comply with customary financial covenants, such as maintaining certain levels of liquidity, tangible net worth or leverage (ratio of debt to tangible net worth). As of March 31, 2024, the Company was in compliance with all financial covenants.

Our property financing subsidiaries' assets and credit generally are not available to satisfy the debts and other obligations of any other Opendoor entities. Our asset-backed debt is non-recourse to Opendoor and our subsidiaries that are not party to the relevant financing arrangements, except for limited guarantees provided by an Opendoor subsidiary for certain obligations in situations involving "bad acts" by an Opendoor entity and certain other limited circumstances.

Our asset-backed senior debt facilities generally provide for advance rates of 75% to 90% against our cost basis in the underlying properties upon acquisition. Our mezzanine term facilities may finance up to 95% to 100% of our cost basis in the underlying properties upon acquisition. The maximum initial advance rates vary by facility and generally decrease on a fixed timeline that varies by facility based on the length of time a given property has been financed and other facility-specific adjustments, including adjustments based on collateral performance.

At times, we may be required to keep amounts in restricted cash accounts to collateralize our asset-backed term debt facilities if the property borrowing base is insufficient to satisfy the borrowing base requirements. These amounts may fluctuate due to seasonality, timing of property acquisitions and resales, and the outstanding loan balances under our asset-backed term debt facilities.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share data and ratios, or as noted)

The following table summarizes certain details related to our non-recourse asset-backed debt and other secured borrowings as of March 31, 2024 (in millions, except interest rates):

March 31, 2024	Borrowing Capacity	Outstanding Amount		Weighted Average Interest Rate	End of Revolving / Withdrawal Period	Final Maturity Date
		Current	Non-Current			
Non-Recourse Asset-backed Debt:						
Asset-backed Senior Revolving Credit Facilities						
Revolving Facility 2018-2	\$ 1,000	\$ —	\$ —	— %	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2025
Revolving Facility 2018-3	1,000	—	—	— %	September 29, 2026	September 29, 2026
Revolving Facility 2019-1	300	—	—	— %	August 15, 2025	August 15, 2025
Revolving Facility 2019-2	550	—	—	— %	October 3, 2025	October 2, 2026
Revolving Facility 2019-3	925	—	—	— %	April 5, 2024	April 5, 2024
Asset-backed Senior Term Debt Facilities						
Term Debt Facility 2021-S1	100	—	100	3.48 %	January 2, 2025	April 1, 2025
Term Debt Facility 2021-S2	400	—	300	3.20 %	September 10, 2025	March 10, 2026
Term Debt Facility 2021-S3	1,000	—	750	3.75 %	January 31, 2027	July 31, 2027
Term Debt Facility 2022-S1	250	—	250	4.07 %	March 1, 2025	September 1, 2025
Total	\$ 5,525	\$ —	\$ 1,400			
Issuance Costs			(11)			
Carrying Value			\$ 1,389			
Asset-backed Mezzanine Term Debt Facilities						
Term Debt Facility 2020-M1	2,000	—	500	10.00 %	April 1, 2025	April 1, 2026
Term Debt Facility 2022-M1	500	—	150	10.00 %	September 15, 2025	September 15, 2026
Total	\$ 2,500	\$ —	\$ 650			
Issuance Costs			(3)			
Carrying Value			\$ 647			
Total Non-Recourse Asset-backed Debt	\$ 8,025	\$ —	\$ 2,036			

Asset-backed Senior Revolving Credit Facilities

We classify the senior revolving credit facilities as current liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. In some cases, the borrowing capacity amounts under the asset-backed senior revolving credit facilities as reflected in the table are not fully committed and any borrowings above the committed amounts are subject to the applicable lender's discretion. As of March 31, 2024, we had committed borrowing capacity with respect to asset-backed senior revolving credit facilities of \$400 million.

The revolving period end dates and final maturity dates reflected in the table above are inclusive of any extensions that are at the sole discretion of the Company. Certain of our asset-backed senior revolving credit facilities also have additional extension options that are subject to lender approval that are not reflected in the table above. On April 4, 2024, the Company entered into an amendment to Revolving Facility 2019-3, providing for \$100 million of borrowing capacity with a revolving period end date of April 4, 2025 and a final maturity date of April 3, 2026, which is inclusive of any extensions that are at the sole discretion of the Company.

Asset-backed Senior Term Debt Facilities

We classify our senior term debt facilities as non-current liabilities in our condensed consolidated balance sheets. The carrying value of the non-current liabilities is reduced by issuance costs of \$11 million. In some cases, the borrowing capacity amounts under the asset-backed senior term debt facilities as reflected in the table are not fully committed and any borrowings

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.**Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share data and ratios, or as noted)

above the committed amounts are subject to the applicable lender’s discretion. As of March 31, 2024, we had committed borrowing capacity with respect to asset-backed senior term debt facilities of \$1.4 billion.

The withdrawal period end dates and final maturity dates reflected in the table above are inclusive of any extensions that are at the sole discretion of the Company. Certain of our asset-backed senior term debt facilities also have additional extension options that are subject to lender approval that are not reflected in the table above.

Asset-backed Mezzanine Term Debt Facilities

In addition to the asset-backed senior revolving credit facilities and asset-backed senior term debt facilities, we have issued asset-backed mezzanine term debt facilities which are subordinated to the related senior facilities. The borrowing capacity amounts under the asset-backed mezzanine term debt facilities as reflected in the table are not fully committed and any borrowing above the committed amounts are subject to the applicable lender’s discretion. As of March 31, 2024, we had committed borrowing capacity with respect to asset-backed mezzanine term debt facilities of \$650 million.

Convertible Senior Notes

In August 2021, we issued the 2026 Notes with an aggregate principal amount of \$978 million. The table below summarizes certain details related to our 2026 Notes (in millions), as of March 31, 2024, which includes certain repurchases:

March 31, 2024	Remaining Aggregate Principal Amount	Unamortized Debt Issuance Costs	Net Carrying Amount
2026 Notes	\$ 381	\$ (5)	\$ 376

See “*Part I – Item 1. Financial Statements – Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 5. Credit Facilities and Long-Term Debt*” for additional information regarding our debt and financing arrangements.

Special Purpose Entities

The Company has established certain special purpose entities (“SPEs”) for the purpose of financing the Company’s purchase and renovation of real estate inventory through the issuance of asset-backed debt. The Company is the primary beneficiary of the various variable interest entities (“VIE”) within these financing structures and consolidates these VIEs. See “*Part I – Item 1. Financial Statements – Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 4. Variable Interest Entities*” for additional information regarding our VIEs.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.
Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share data and ratios, or as noted)

The following table summarizes the assets and liabilities related to the VIEs consolidated by the Company as well as the assets, liabilities and equity related to Opendoor Technologies Inc. (Parent Company Only) (“Parent Company”) and subsidiaries that are not VIEs, as of March 31, 2024 (in millions):

	VIE	Non-VIE	Total
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ —	\$ 953	\$ 953
Restricted cash	322	11	333
Marketable securities	—	37	37
Escrow receivable	14	1	15
Real estate inventory	1,864	34	1,898
Inventory valuation adjustment	(16)	(1)	(17)
Real estate inventory, net	1,848	33	1,881
Other current assets	27	38	65
Total current assets	2,211	1,073	3,284
OTHER ASSETS	⁽¹⁾ —	120	120
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,211	\$ 1,193	\$ 3,404
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Other current liabilities	⁽²⁾ \$ 28	\$ 46	\$ 74
Total current liabilities	28	46	74
Non-current asset-backed mezzanine term debt	647	—	647
Non-current asset-backed senior term debt	1,389	—	1,389
CONVERTIBLE SENIOR NOTES	—	376	376
LEASE LIABILITIES – Net of current portion	—	18	18
OTHER LIABILITIES	—	1	1
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 2,064	\$ 441	\$ 2,505
SHAREHOLDERS’ EQUITY:	147	752	899

⁽¹⁾ The Company’s consolidated Other Assets include the following assets as shown in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets: Property and Equipment - Net, \$66 million; Right of Use Assets, \$23 million; Goodwill, \$4 million; Intangibles - Net, \$4 million; and Other Assets, \$23 million.

⁽²⁾ The Company’s consolidated Other Current Liabilities include the following liabilities as shown in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets: Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities, \$69 million; Interest Payable, \$1 million; and Lease Liabilities - Current, \$4 million.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.**Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share data and ratios, or as noted)

Cash Flows

The following table summarizes our cash flows for the periods presented:

(in millions)	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (178)	\$ 2,162
Net cash provided by investing activities	\$ 22	\$ 30
Net cash used in financing activities	\$ (98)	\$ (1,325)
Net (decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	\$ (254)	\$ 867

Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Operating Activities

Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities was \$(178) million and \$2.2 billion for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2024, cash used in operating activities was primarily driven by the \$114 million increase in real estate inventory and our net loss, net of non-cash items, of \$49 million. For the three months ended March 31, 2023, cash provided by operating activities was primarily driven by the \$2.3 billion decrease in real estate inventory.

Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities

Net cash provided by investing activities was \$22 million and \$30 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2024, cash provided by investing activities primarily consisted of a net decrease in marketable securities of \$30 million, partially offset by an \$8 million increase in property and equipment principally related to the capitalization of internally developed software. For the three months ended March 31, 2023, cash provided by investing activities primarily consisted of a decrease in marketable securities of \$38 million, partially offset by an \$8 million increase in property and equipment.

Net Cash Used in Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities was \$98 million and \$1.3 billion for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2024, cash used in financing activities was primarily attributable to \$100 million principal payments on non-recourse asset-backed debt. For the three months ended March 31, 2023, cash provided by financing activities was primarily attributable to \$1.2 billion net principal payments on non-recourse asset-backed debt.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

There have been no material changes outside the ordinary course of business in our commitments under contractual obligations as previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, except for the

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

(Tabular amounts in millions, except share and per share data and ratios, or as noted)

categories of contractual obligations included in the table below, which have been updated to reflect our contractual obligations as of March 31, 2024:

(in millions)	Payment Due by Year				
	Total	Less than 1 year	1 – 3 years	4 – 5 years	More than 5 years
Senior and mezzanine term debt facilities ⁽¹⁾	\$ 2,317	\$ 116	\$ 1,442	\$ 759	\$ —
Convertible senior notes ⁽²⁾	383	1	382	—	—
Operating lease ⁽³⁾	33	7	10	9	7
Purchase commitments ⁽⁴⁾	906	906	—	—	—
Total	\$ 3,639	\$ 1,030	\$ 1,834	\$ 768	\$ 7

⁽¹⁾ Represents the principal amounts outstanding as of March 31, 2024 and estimated interest payments assuming the principal balances remain outstanding until maturity. The final maturity dates of the senior and mezzanine term debt facilities vary, as discussed above.

⁽²⁾ Represents the principal amounts outstanding as of March 31, 2024 and interest payments assuming the principal balances remain outstanding until maturity.

⁽³⁾ Represents future payments for long-term operating leases that have commenced, or have been executed but not yet commenced, as of March 31, 2024.

⁽⁴⁾ As of March 31, 2024, we were under contract to purchase 2,611 homes for an aggregate purchase price of \$906 million.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based on our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, revenue, and expenses at the date of the financial statements. Generally, we base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions in accordance with GAAP that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

We consider an accounting judgment, estimate or assumption to be critical when (1) the estimate or assumption is complex in nature or requires a high degree of judgment and (2) the use of different judgments, estimates and assumptions could have a material impact on the condensed consolidated financial statements. Based on this definition, critical accounting policies and estimates are discussed in “Part II – Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates” in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. There have been no significant changes to these critical accounting estimates during the first three months of 2024. In addition, we have other key accounting policies and estimates that are described in “Part I – Item 1. Financial Statements – Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 1. Description of Business and Accounting Policies” in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

For information on recent accounting standards, see “Part I – Item 1. Financial Statements – Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 1. Description of Business and Accounting Policies”.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

We are exposed to market risks in the ordinary course of our business. These risks primarily consist of fluctuations in interest rates and exposure to inflationary pressures.

Interest Rate Risk

We are subject to market risk by way of changes in interest rates on borrowings under our inventory financing facilities. As of March 31, 2024, the Company had total outstanding balances on our asset-backed debt of \$2.1 billion, with an average duration of 2.4 years. Total fixed interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2024 was \$32 million. As of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, 100% of our outstanding borrowings were at a fixed rate and did not utilize floating benchmark reference rates. Accordingly, we estimate that a one percentage point increase in applicable benchmark rates would not have resulted in an impact on our annual interest expense.

In future periods, we may draw upon our Asset-backed Senior Revolving Credit Facilities that bear interest at floating benchmark reference rates based on the secured overnight financing rate (“SOFR”), plus an applicable margin. Accordingly, fluctuations in market interest rates may increase or decrease our interest expense. We may use interest rate cap derivatives, interest rate swaps or other interest rate hedging instruments to economically hedge and manage interest rate risk with respect to our variable floating rate debt. Many of our floating rate debt facilities also had benchmark rate floors.

Inflation Risk

We believe the inflation experienced in 2022 and 2023, which is still ongoing, has impacted the cost of goods and services that we consume, such as labor and materials costs for home repairs. We endeavor to offset these impacts in our business through appropriately considering them in our pricing and operational models. However, if our costs were to become subject to significant incremental inflationary pressure, we may not be able to fully offset such higher costs by adjusting our operational model or our pricing methodology. Our inability to do so could harm our business, results of operations and financial condition.

In addition, in response to ongoing inflationary pressures in the U.S., the Federal Reserve has implemented a number of increases to the federal funds rate since 2022. See “*Part I – Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Current Housing Environment*” for a discussion of the impact of the increased federal funds rate on mortgage interest rates and our business.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.**Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls**

In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. In addition, the design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and that management is required to apply judgment in evaluating the benefits of possible controls and procedures relative to their costs.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Interim Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act), as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on the evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Interim Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective at the reasonable assurance level as of March 31, 2024.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting in connection with the evaluation required by Rules 13a-15(d) and 15d-15(d) of the Exchange Act that occurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2024 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

The information required by this Item 1 is incorporated herein by reference to the discussion in *Part I – Item 1. Financial Statements – Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 13. Commitments and Contingencies – Legal Matters.*

In addition to the legal matters referenced above, we are currently and have in the past been subject to legal proceedings and regulatory actions in the ordinary course of business. We do not anticipate that the ultimate liability, if any, arising out of any such matters will have a material effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. In the future, we may be subject to further legal proceedings and regulatory actions in the ordinary course of business and we cannot predict whether any such proceeding or matter will have a material effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

In the course of conducting our business operations, we are exposed to a variety of risks. You should carefully consider the risks described below, the risks described in “Part I – Item 1A. Risk Factors,” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 (the “Annual Report”), as well as the other information in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including our financial statements and related notes and “Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Result of Operations,” before deciding whether to invest in our common stock. Any of the risk factors we described in “Part I – Item 1A. Risk Factors,” in our Annual Report or in subsequent periodic reports, have affected or could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations, and prospects. The market price of shares of our common stock could decline, possibly significantly or permanently, if one or more of these risks and uncertainties occurs. Certain statements in “Risk Factors” are forward-looking statements. See “Forward-Looking Statements.”

There have been no material changes to the Company’s risk factors since the Annual Report.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits.

The following is a list of exhibits filed as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Exhibit No.	Description	Form	File No.	Exhibit	Filing Date	Filed Herewith
2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of September 15, 2020, by and among Social Capital Hedosophia Corp. II, Hestia Merger Sub Inc. and Opendoor Labs Inc.	8-K	001-39253	2.1	09/17/2020	

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.

3.1	Certificate of Incorporation of Opendoor Technologies Inc.	8-K	001-39253	3.1	12/18/2020	
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Opendoor Technologies Inc.	8-K	001-39253	3.1	01/24/2023	
4.1	Specimen Common Stock Certificate of Opendoor Technologies Inc.	S-4/A	333-249302	4.5	11/06/2020	
4.2	Warrant Agreement, dated July 28, 2022, between Opendoor Technologies Inc. and Zillow, Inc.	8-K	001-39253	99.2	08/05/2022	
10.1 #	Opendoor Technologies Inc. Executive Severance Plan					*
10.2 #	Form of Performance Restricted Stock Unit Grant Notice and Performance Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under 2020 Incentive Award Plan					*
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002					*
31.2	Certification of Interim Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002					*
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Interim Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002					**
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data file because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.					*
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.					*
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.					*
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.					*
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.					*
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.					*
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (as formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)					*

* Filed herewith.

** Furnished herewith.

Indicates management contract or compensatory plan.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.

Date: May 02, 2024

By: /s/ Carrie Wheeler

Name: Carrie Wheeler

Title: *Chief Executive Officer*
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: May 02, 2024

By: /s/ Christina Schwartz

Name: Christina Schwartz

Title: *Interim Chief Financial Officer*
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC. EXECUTIVE SEVERANCE PLAN

The purpose of this Opendoor Technologies Inc. Executive Severance Plan (the “Plan”) is to encourage employees of Opendoor Technologies Inc. (together with any successor, the “Company”) and its subsidiaries to remain in the employ of the Employer (defined below) by providing, among other things, severance protections to such employees in the event their employment is terminated under the circumstances described in this Plan.

SECTION 1. DEFINITIONS. As hereinafter used:

1.1 “Affiliate” means, with respect to any individual or entity, any other individual or entity who, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by or is under common control with, such individual or entity. For purposes of this definition, “control,” when used with respect to any person or entity, means the power to direct the management and policies of such person or entity, directly or indirectly, whether through ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise; and the terms “controlling” and “controlled” have meanings correlative to the foregoing.

1.2 “Base Salary” means a Participant’s annual base salary at the rate in effect on the Severance Date (disregarding any decrease in such annual base salary that constitutes a Good Reason event).

1.3 “Board” means the Board of Directors of the Company.

1.4 “Bonus” means the Participant’s target annual performance-based cash bonus for the fiscal year in which the Severance Date occurs, if any, as set forth under an agreement between the Participant and the Employer or the Company, or in any written bonus plan, program or arrangement approved by the Board or the Committee, and, if the Participant is eligible for an annual performance-based cash bonus for such fiscal year in which the Severance Date occurs that is payable based on achievement of performance targets over both a semi-annual performance period and an annual performance period, then the “Bonus” shall mean the Participant’s target bonus amount for the annual performance period.

1.5 “Cause” with respect to a Participant shall have the meaning set forth in such Participant’s offer letter agreement, employment agreement or similar agreement with the Employer, or, in the absence of such agreement, or if such agreement does not have a definition of “Cause,” shall mean: (A) the Participant’s commission of any act that constitutes a felony or any crime involving dishonesty or moral turpitude, (B) the Participant’s engaging in any act of fraud or embezzlement, whether or not related to the business of the Company, or any other act of material dishonesty against the Company or any of its Affiliates, (C) any material breach by the Participant of any offer letter agreement, employment agreement or similar agreement with the Employer, or of the Employee Confidential Information and Invention Assignment Agreement or similar agreement or of any material written policy of the Company and, if curable, the

Participant's failure to cure such breach within 30 days after receiving written notice thereof; (D) the willful and continued failure by the Participant to substantially perform the Participant's duties to the Company (other than any such failure resulting from the Participant's incapacity due to physical or mental illness), after written demand for substantial performance is delivered by the Company that identifies with reasonable specificity the manner in which the Company believes the Participant has not substantially performed the Participant's duties, which is not cured within 30 days after notice of such failure has been given to the Participant by the Company; (E) the willful engaging by the Participant in misconduct or gross neglect (including any conduct that is in violation of the written employee workplace policies of the Company) that is injurious to the Company, monetarily, in reputation or otherwise; or (F) any other intentional act causing material damage to the Company's business, property or reputation.

1.6 "Change in Control" shall have the meaning given to such term in the Company's 2020 Incentive Award Plan. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a Change in Control constitutes a payment event with respect to any amount which constitutes or provides for the deferral of compensation and is subject to Section 409A, the transaction or event with respect to such amount must also constitute a "change in control event," as defined in Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-3(i)(5) to the extent required by Section 409A.

1.7 "CIC Qualifying Termination" means (i) a termination by a Participant of the Participant's employment with the Employer for Good Reason or (ii) a termination by the Employer of a Participant's employment without Cause, in either case, that occurs within 3 months prior to or on or within 12 months following a Change in Control.

1.8 "CIC Severance Period" means a period commencing on the Participant's Severance Date and ending (i) in the case of any Tier 1 Executive, 18 months from the Severance Date, and (ii) in the case of any Tier 2 Executive, 12 months from the Severance Date.

1.9 "COBRA" means the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, as amended.

1.10 "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

1.11 "Committee" means the Compensation Committee of the Board.

1.12 "Company" means Opendoor Technologies Inc. and any successors thereto and, where the context requires, its subsidiaries.

1.13 "Company Equity Plans" means, collectively, the Opendoor Labs Inc. 2014 Stock Plan, the Company 2020 Incentive Award Plan and any successor thereto, and the Company 2022 Inducement Award Plan.

1.14 "Effective Date" shall mean February 26, 2024.

1.15 “Employer” means, with respect to a Participant, the Company, or applicable Affiliate of the Company that employs the Participant, if different.

1.16 “ERISA” means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.

1.17 “Good Reason” with respect to a Participant, shall have the meaning set forth in such Participant’s offer letter agreement, employment agreement or similar agreement with the Employer, or, in the absence of such agreement, or if such agreement does not have a definition of “Good Reason,” means the occurrence of any of the following events without the Participant’s written consent: (a) a reduction by the Company or its successor of more than 20% in the Participant’s rate of annual base salary, unless such reduction is in connection with and proportional to reductions to the base salary reductions of other executives of the Company; (b) a material reduction in the Participant’s job responsibilities, duties or authority (provided that a mere change in title to an employment position that is substantially similar to the prior employment position shall not constitute a material reduction in job responsibilities, duty or authority); or (c) a change in the geographic location of the Participant’s principal place of employment to any location more than 50 miles from the Participant’s current principal place of employment. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Good Reason shall not exist unless, within 30 days after the initial occurrence of a circumstance that the Participant believes in good faith to constitute Good Reason, the Participant delivers written notice to the Company setting forth with specificity such circumstance the Participant believes in good faith constitutes Good Reason, the Company shall have failed to cure any claimed event of Good Reason (if capable of cure) within 30 days after receipt of such notice, and the Participant must actually terminate the Participant’s employment no later than 30 days following the expiration of the Company’s cure period.

1.18 “Non-CIC Qualifying Termination” means (i) a termination by a Participant of the Participant’s employment with the Employer for Good Reason or (ii) a termination by the Employer of a Participant’s employment without Cause, in either case, that does not occur within 3 months prior to or on or within 12 months following a Change in Control.

1.19 “Partial Acceleration Period” means a period commencing on the Severance Date and ending, (i) in the case of any Tier 1 Executive, 12 months from the Severance Date, and (ii) in the case of any Tier 2 Executive, 6 months from the Severance Date, or, if the Participant has been employed with the Employer for less than 12 months, 12 months from the Severance Date.

1.20 “Participant” shall mean the executives of the Company at an employment level of E3 or above designated by the Committee as eligible for the Plan as either a “Tier 1 Executive” or “Tier 2 Executive” and who have executed and returned to the Committee the Notice of Participation in the form attached hereto as Appendix A.

1.21 “Plan” means the Opendoor Technologies Executive Severance Plan, as set forth herein, as it may be amended from time to time.

1.22 “Pro-Rata Bonus” means an amount equal to (a) the Bonus multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days in the fiscal year in which the Severance Date occurs that the Participant was employed by the Employer and the denominator of which is 365, less (b) if the Participant is eligible for an annual performance-based cash bonus for such fiscal year in which the Severance Date occurs that is payable based on achievement of performance targets over both a semi-annual performance period and an annual performance period, the amount of any bonus previously paid to the Participant for any completed semi-annual performance period.

1.23 “Qualifying Termination” means either (i) a CIC Qualifying Termination or (ii) a Non-CIC Qualifying Termination.

1.24 “Severance Date” means the date on which a Participant’s Qualifying Termination is effective.

1.25 “Severance Period” means a period commencing on the Participant’s Severance Date and ending, (i) in the case of any Tier 1 Executive, 12 months from the Severance Date, and (ii) in the case of any Tier 2 Executive, 6 months from the Severance Date.

SECTION 2. SEVERANCE BENEFITS

2.1 Severance Upon a CIC Qualifying Termination. Subject to the provisions of Section 2.3 through Section 2.9, if a Participant experiences a CIC Qualifying Termination, the Participant shall be entitled to receive, in addition to any accrued salary and paid time off, the following payments and benefits:

(a) Severance Payments. The Employer shall pay to the Participant an amount in cash determined as follows:

Tier 1 Executive: (i) 1.5 times the Participant’s Base Salary and (ii) a Pro-Rata Bonus

Tier 2 Executive: (i) one times the Participant’s Base Salary and (ii) a Pro-Rata Bonus

Any cash severance payable under this Section 2.1(a) shall be paid, subject to Section 2.5, in substantially equal installments over the CIC Severance Period in accordance with the Employer’s normal payroll practices, commencing on the first Employer payroll date on or following the 60th day following the Severance Date. The first payment shall include any portion of the cash severance payments that would have otherwise been payable following the Severance Date and prior to such date of the first payment;

(b) Health Benefits Continuation. If the Participant timely elects to receive continued medical, dental or vision coverage under one or more of the Employer’s group medical, dental or vision plans pursuant to COBRA, then the Employer shall directly pay, or reimburse the Participant for, the COBRA premiums for the Participant and his or her covered dependents under such plans during the period commencing on the Participant’s Severance Date and ending upon the earliest of (X) the

last day of the CIC Severance Period, (Y) the date that the Participant and/or his or her covered dependents become no longer eligible for COBRA or (Z) the date the Participant become eligible to receive medical, dental or vision coverage, as applicable, from a subsequent employer. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Employer determines in its sole discretion that it cannot provide the foregoing benefit without potentially violating applicable law (including, without limitation, Section 2716 of the Public Health Service Act) or incurring an excise tax, the Employer shall in lieu thereof provide to the Participant a taxable monthly payment in an amount equal to the monthly COBRA premium that the Participant would be required to pay to continue his or her and his or her covered dependents' group health coverage in effect on the Participant's Severance Date (which amount shall be based on the premium for the first month of COBRA coverage), which payments shall commence in the month following the month in which the Participant's Severance Date occurs and shall end on the earlier of (X) the last day of the CIC Severance Period, or (Y) the date the Participant become eligible to receive healthcare coverage from a subsequent employer; and

(c) Equity Acceleration. The Participant's then-outstanding equity awards granted under any of the Company Equity Plans that are subject solely to time-based vesting requirements shall become fully vested as of the Severance Date. For the avoidance of doubt, any equity awards that vest in whole or in part based on the attainment of performance-vesting conditions shall be governed by the terms of the applicable equity award agreement. Nothing in this clause (c) shall be construed to limit any more favorable vesting applicable to Participant's equity awards under the Company Equity Plans or the equity award agreements under which the equity awards were granted.

2.2 Severance Upon a Non-CIC Qualifying Termination. Subject to the provisions of Section 2.3 through Section 2.9, if a Participant experiences a Non-CIC Qualifying Termination, the Participant shall be entitled to receive, in addition to any accrued salary and paid time off, the following payments and benefits:

(a) Severance Payments. The Employer shall pay to the Participant an amount in cash determined as follows:

Tier 1 Executive: one times the sum of Participant's (i) Base Salary plus (ii) Bonus

Tier 2 Executive: 0.5 times the Participant's Base Salary

Any cash severance payable under this Section 2.2(a) shall be paid, subject to Section 2.5, in substantially equal installments over the Severance Period in accordance with the Employer's normal payroll practices, commencing on the first Employer payroll date on or following the 60th day following the Severance Date. The first payment shall include any portion of the cash severance payments that would have otherwise been payable following the Severance Date and prior to such date of the first payment;

(b) Health Benefits Continuation. If the Participant timely elects to receive continued medical, dental or vision coverage under one or more of the Employer's group medical, dental or vision plans pursuant to COBRA, then the Employer

shall directly pay, or reimburse the Participant for, the COBRA premiums for the Participant and his or her covered dependents under such plans during the period commencing on the Participant's Severance Date and ending upon the earliest of (X) 12 months from the Severance Date, (Y) the date that the Participant and/or his or her covered dependents become no longer eligible for COBRA or (Z) the date the Participant become eligible to receive medical, dental or vision coverage, as applicable, from a subsequent employer. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Employer determines in its sole discretion that it cannot provide the foregoing benefit without potentially violating applicable law (including, without limitation, Section 2716 of the Public Health Service Act) or incurring an excise tax, the Employer shall in lieu thereof provide to the Participant a taxable monthly payment in an amount equal to the monthly COBRA premium that the Participant would be required to pay to continue his or her and his or her covered dependents' group health coverage in effect on the Participant's Severance Date (which amount shall be based on the premium for the first month of COBRA coverage), which payments shall commence in the month following the month in which the Severance Date occurs and shall end on the earlier of (X) 12 months from the Participant's Severance Date, or (Y) the date the Participant become eligible to receive healthcare coverage from a subsequent employer; and

(c) Equity Acceleration. The portion of the Participant's then-outstanding equity awards granted under any of the Company Equity Plans that are subject solely to time-based vesting requirements that would otherwise vest within the Partial Acceleration Period shall become fully vested as of the Severance Date. For the avoidance of doubt, any equity awards that vest in whole or in part based on the attainment of performance-vesting conditions shall be governed by the terms of the applicable equity award agreement. Nothing in this clause (c) shall be construed to limit any more favorable vesting applicable to Participant's equity awards under the Company Equity Plans or the equity award agreements under which the equity awards were granted.

2.3 Coordination with other Agreements. If a Participant is party to an offer letter agreement, employment agreement or similar agreement with the Employer (an "Employment Agreement") and experiences a termination of employment that entitles such Participant to severance payments and/or benefits under the terms of such Employment Agreement, then such Participant shall receive severance payments and/or benefits pursuant the Employment Agreement and not pursuant to the Plan, unless the Plan would provide more favorable benefits to such Participant than the Employment Agreement, taken as a whole. In no case shall payments or benefits received under this Plan and an Employment Agreement be duplicative.

2.4 No Mitigation. A Participant shall not be required to seek other employment or attempt in any way to reduce or mitigate any severance payments or benefits payable under the Plan.

2.5 Release. As a condition to a Participant's receipt of any amounts set forth in Section 2.1 or Section 2.2, the Participant shall execute and deliver (without revoking) to the Company a release of claims in favor of the Company on the Company's standard form of release of claims for executives (which shall not include additional

restrictive covenants) (the “Release”) on or before the 21st day following the Participant’s receipt of the Release from the Company, which shall be provided to the Participant no later than 10 days following the Severance Date, or in the event that the Participant’s Qualifying Termination is “in connection with an exit incentive or other employment termination program” (as such phrase is defined in the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967, as amended), on or before the 45th day following the Participant’s receipt of the Release from the Company, as the case may be.

2.6 Restrictive Covenants. A Participant’s right to receive and/or retain the severance payments and benefits payable under this Plan is conditioned upon and subject to the Participant’s continued compliance with the Employee Confidential Information and Invention Assignment Agreement entered into with the Company or any similar agreement.

2.7 Return of Company Property. A Participant’s right to receive and/or retain the severance payments and benefits payable under the Plan is conditioned upon the Participant’s return to the Employer of all Company documents (and all copies thereof) and other Company property (in each case, whether physical, electronic or otherwise) in the Participant’s possession or control.

2.8 Cooperation. By accepting the severance payments and benefits payable under the Plan, subject to the Participant’s other commitments, the Participant agrees to be reasonably available to cooperate (but only truthfully) with the Employer and the Company and provide information as to matters which the Participant was personally involved, or has information on, during the Participant’s employment with the Employer and which are or become the subject of litigation or other dispute.

2.9 Potential Reduction of Certain “Parachute Payments.”

(a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Plan, in the event that any payment or benefit by the Company or otherwise to or for the benefit of a Participant, whether paid or payable or distributed or distributable pursuant to the terms of this Plan (all such payments and benefits, including the payments and benefits under Section 2.2 of the Plan, being hereinafter referred to as the “Total Payments”), would be subject (in whole or in part) to the excise tax imposed by Section 4999 of the Code (the “Excise Tax”), then the Total Payments shall be reduced (in the order provided in subsection (b) below) to the minimum extent necessary to avoid the imposition of the Excise Tax on the Total Payments, but only if (i) the net amount of such Total Payments, as so reduced (and after subtracting the net amount of federal, state and local income and employment taxes on such reduced Total Payments and after taking into account the phase out of itemized deductions and personal exemptions attributable to such reduced Total Payments), is greater than or equal to (ii) the net amount of such Total Payments without such reduction (but after subtracting the net amount of federal, state and local income and employment taxes on such Total Payments and the amount of the Excise Tax to which the Participant would be subject in respect of such unreduced Total Payments and after taking into account the phase out of itemized deductions and personal exemptions attributable to such unreduced Total Payments).

(b) The Total Payments shall be reduced in the following order: (i) reduction on a pro-rata basis of any cash severance payments that are exempt from Section 409A, (ii) reduction on a pro-rata basis of any non-cash severance payments or benefits that are exempt from Section 409A, and (iii) reduction of any payments or benefits otherwise payable to the Participant on a pro-rata basis or such other manner that complies with Section 409A; provided, in case of clauses (ii) and (iii), that reduction of any payments attributable to the acceleration of vesting of Company equity awards shall be first applied to Company equity awards that would otherwise vest last in time.

(c) All determinations regarding the application of this Section 2.9 shall be made by an accounting firm or consulting group with experience in performing calculations regarding the applicability of Section 280G of the Code and the Excise Tax selected by the Company (the “Independent Advisors”). For purposes of determinations, no portion of the Total Payments shall be taken into account which, in the opinion of the Independent Advisors, (i) does not constitute a “parachute payment” within the meaning of Section 280G(b)(2) of the Code (including by reason of Section 280G(b)(4)(A) of the Code) or (ii) constitutes reasonable compensation for services actually rendered, within the meaning of Section 280G(b)(4)(B) of the Code, in excess of the “base amount” (as defined in Section 280G(b)(3) of the Code) allocable to such reasonable compensation. The costs of obtaining such determination and all related fees and expenses (including related fees and expenses incurred in any later audit) shall be borne by the Company.

In the event it is later determined that a greater reduction in the Total Payments should have been made to implement the objective and intent of this Section 2.9, the excess amount shall be returned promptly by the Participant to the Company.

SECTION 3. PLAN ADMINISTRATION.

3.1 The Committee shall administer the Plan and may interpret the Plan, prescribe, amend and rescind rules and regulations under the Plan and make all other determinations necessary or advisable for the administration of the Plan, subject to all of the provisions of the Plan.

3.2 The Committee may delegate any of its duties hereunder to such person or persons from time to time as it may designate.

3.3 The Committee is empowered to engage accountants, legal counsel and such other personnel as it deems necessary or advisable to assist it in the performance of its duties under the Plan. The functions of any such persons engaged by the Committee shall be limited to the specified services and duties for which they are engaged, and such persons shall have no other duties, obligations or responsibilities under the Plan. Such persons shall exercise no discretionary authority or discretionary control respecting the management of the Plan. All reasonable expenses thereof shall be borne by the Company.

SECTION 4. PLAN MODIFICATION OR TERMINATION.

The Plan may be terminated or amended by the Committee at any time; provided, that during the 12-month period following a Change in Control, (a) the Plan may

not be terminated and (b) the Plan may not be amended if such amendment would in any manner be adverse to the interests of any Participant, unless the affected Participant consents in writing to such amendment, as applied to such Participant. For the avoidance of doubt, (a) any action taken by the Company or the Committee to cause a Participant to no longer be designated as a Participant or to decrease the benefits under the Plan for which a Participant is eligible, and (b) any amendment to this Section 4 within the 12-month period following a Change in Control shall be treated as an amendment to the Plan which is adverse to the interests of any Participant.

SECTION 5. NOTICES.

All notices or other communications required or permitted by this Plan will be made in writing and all such notices or communications will be deemed to have been duly given when delivered or (unless otherwise specified) mailed by United States certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, addressed as follows:

If to the Company: Opendoor Technologies Inc.
410 N. Scottsdale Road, Suite 1600
Tempe, AZ 85281
Attention: Chief Legal Officer

If to the Participant: The Participant's last known address as set forth in the Company's records.

SECTION 6. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

6.1 Except as otherwise provided herein or by law, no right or interest of any Participant under the Plan shall be assignable or transferable, in whole or in part, either directly or by operation of law or otherwise, including without limitation by execution, levy, garnishment, attachment, pledge or in any manner; no attempted assignment or transfer thereof shall be effective; and no right or interest of any Participant under the Plan shall be liable for, or subject to, any obligation or liability of such Participant. When a payment is due under this Plan to a severed employee who is unable to care for his or her affairs, payment may be made directly to his or her legal guardian or personal representative.

6.2 If any provision of this Plan shall be held invalid or unenforceable, such invalidity or unenforceability shall not affect any other provisions hereof, and this Plan shall be construed and enforced as if such provisions had not been included.

6.3 This Plan shall inure to the benefit of and shall be binding upon the Company and its successors and assigns. Any successor (whether direct or indirect and whether by purchase, lease, merger, consolidation, liquidation or otherwise) to all or substantially all of the Company's business and/or assets shall assume and perform the obligations of the Company under the Plan. This Plan shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns of the Participant,

and in the event that the Participant shall die after the Severance Date but while any amount would still be payable to such Participant hereunder if the Participant had continued to live, all such amounts, unless otherwise provided herein, shall be paid in accordance with the terms of this Plan to the executor, personal representative or administrators of the Participant's estate.

6.4 The headings and captions herein are provided for reference and convenience only, shall not be considered part of the Plan, and shall not be employed in the construction of the Plan.

6.5 The Plan shall not be required to be funded unless such funding is authorized by the Board. Regardless of whether the Plan is funded, no Participant shall have any right to, or interest in, any assets of any Company which may be applied by the Company to the payment of benefits or other rights under this Plan.

6.6 This Plan shall be construed and enforced according to the laws of the State of Delaware to the extent not preempted by federal law, which shall otherwise control.

6.7 The Company and any of its Affiliates may deduct and withhold from any amounts payable under this Plan such federal, state, local, foreign or other taxes as are required to be withheld pursuant to any applicable law or regulation. All benefits hereunder shall be reduced by applicable withholding and shall be subject to applicable tax reporting, as determined by the Committee.

6.8 The Plan, as a "severance pay arrangement" within the meaning of Section 3(2)(B)(i) of ERISA, is intended to be excepted from the definitions of "employee pension benefit plan" and "pension plan" set forth under section 3(2) of ERISA, and is intended to meet the descriptive requirements of a plan constituting a "severance pay plan" within the meaning of regulations published by the Secretary of Labor at Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations §2510.3-2(b).

6.9 WARN Act. Severance payments and benefits payable under the Plan are intended to satisfy, where applicable, any Employer notice obligations under the federal Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act and any similar obligations that the Employer may have under any successor severance pay statute.

6.10 Section 409A.

(a) The payments and benefits under this Plan are intended to comply with or be exempt from Section 409A of the Code and Department of Treasury regulations and other interpretive guidance issued thereunder (together, "Section 409A") and, accordingly, to the maximum extent permitted, this Plan shall be interpreted to be in compliance therewith. Notwithstanding any provision of this Plan to the contrary, the Committee may (without any obligation to do so or to indemnify the Participant for failure to do so) (A) adopt such amendments to this Plan or adopt such other policies and procedures (including amendments, policies and procedures with retroactive effect) that it determines to be necessary or appropriate to preserve the intended tax treatment of the

benefits provided by this Plan or the economic benefits of this Plan and (B) take such other actions it determines to be necessary or appropriate to exempt the amounts payable hereunder from Section 409A or to comply with the requirements of Section 409A and thereby avoid the application of penalty taxes thereunder.

(b) Notwithstanding anything in this Plan to the contrary, any payments subject to Section 409A that are subject to execution of a waiver and release which may be executed and/or revoked in a calendar year following the calendar year in which the payment event (such as termination of employment) occurs shall commence payment only in the calendar year in which the consideration period or, if applicable, release revocation period ends, as necessary to comply with Section 409A. All payments of nonqualified deferred compensation subject to Section 409A to be made upon a termination of employment under this Plan may only be made upon the Participant's "separation from service" within the meaning of Section 409A ("Separation from Service").

(c) Notwithstanding any provision of this Plan to the contrary, if a Participant is deemed by the Company at the time of the Participant's Separation from Service to be a "specified employee" for purposes of Section 409A, to the extent delayed commencement of any portion of the benefits to which the Participant is entitled under this Plan is required in order to avoid a prohibited distribution under Section 409A, such portion of the Participant's benefits will not be provided to the Participant prior to the earlier of (i) the expiration of the six-month period measured from the date of the Participant's Separation from Service or (ii) the date of the Participant's death. As promptly as possible following the expiration of the applicable Section 409A period, all payments and benefits deferred pursuant to the preceding sentence will be paid in a lump sum to a Participant (or the Participant's estate), and any remaining payments due to the Participant under this Plan will be paid as otherwise provided herein.

(d) A Participant's right to receive any installment payments under this Plan shall be treated as a right to receive a series of separate payments and, accordingly, each such installment payment shall at all times be considered a separate and distinct payment as permitted under Section 409A.

APPENDIX A
FORM OF
NOTICE OF PARTICIPATION

Opendoor Technologies Inc.
410 N. Scottsdale Road, Suite 1600
Tempe, AZ 85281

[Name of Participant]
c/o Opendoor Technologies Inc.
410 N. Scottsdale Road, Suite 1600
Tempe, AZ 85281

Dear _____ :

Reference is hereby made to the Opendoor Technologies Inc. Executive Severance Plan (the "Plan"). Any capitalized term used but not defined herein shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in the Plan.

The purpose of this Notice of Participation is to inform you that effective as of [insert date], subject to the terms of the Plan, you are hereby eligible to participate in the Plan as a Tier [1/2] Executive. [This Notice of Participation shall supersede and replace any prior Notice of Participation provided to you.]

Sincerely,

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.

By: _____
Name:
Title:

ACCEPTED AND AGREED:

[Name of Participant]

Date:

**OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.
2020 INCENTIVE AWARD PLAN**

PERFORMANCE RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT GRANT NOTICE

Opendoor Technologies Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “*Company*”), has granted to the participant listed below (“*Participant*”) the Performance Restricted Stock Units (the “*PRSUs*”) described in this Performance Restricted Stock Unit Grant Notice (this “*Grant Notice*”), subject to the terms and conditions of the Opendoor Technologies Inc. 2020 Incentive Award Plan (as amended from time to time, the “*Plan*”) and the Performance Restricted Stock Unit Agreement attached hereto as **Exhibit A** (the “*Agreement*”), both of which are incorporated into this Grant Notice by reference. Capitalized terms not specifically defined in this Grant Notice or the Agreement have the meanings given to them in the Plan.

Participant:

Grant Date:

Target Number of PRSUs:

Vesting Commencement Date:

Vesting Schedule:

Subject to the terms of the Performance Restricted Stock Unit Agreement, the PRSUs shall vest as set forth in **Exhibit B** attached hereto.

By accepting (whether in writing, electronically or otherwise) the PRSUs, Participant agrees to be bound by the terms of this Grant Notice, the Plan and the Agreement. Participant has reviewed the Plan, this Grant Notice and the Agreement in their entirety, has had an opportunity to obtain the advice of counsel prior to executing this Grant Notice and fully understands all provisions of the Plan, this Grant Notice and the Agreement. Participant hereby agrees to accept as binding, conclusive and final all decisions or interpretations of the Administrator upon any questions arising under the Plan, this Grant Notice or the Agreement.

OPENDOOR TECHNOLOGIES INC.

PARTICIPANT

By: _____
 Name: _____
 Title: _____

 [Participant Name]

PERFORMANCE RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AGREEMENT

Capitalized terms not specifically defined in this Agreement have the meanings specified in the Grant Notice or, if not defined in the Grant Notice, in the Plan.

**ARTICLE I.
GENERAL**

1.1 Award of PRSUs. The Company has granted the PRSUs to Participant effective as of the Grant Date set forth in the Grant Notice (the “**Grant Date**”). Each PRSU represents the right to receive one Share as set forth in this Agreement. Participant will have no right to the distribution of any Shares until the time (if ever) the PRSUs have vested.

1.2 Incorporation of Terms of Plan. The PRSUs are subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement and the Plan, which is incorporated herein by reference. In the event of any inconsistency between the Plan and this Agreement, the terms of the Plan will control.

1.3 Unsecured Promise. The PRSUs will at all times prior to settlement represent an unsecured Company obligation payable only from the Company’s general assets.

**ARTICLE II.
VESTING; FORFEITURE AND SETTLEMENT**

2.1 Vesting; Forfeiture. The PRSUs will vest according to the vesting schedule in the Grant Notice except that any fraction of an PRSU that would otherwise be vested will be accumulated and will vest only when a whole PRSU has accumulated. In the event of Participant’s Termination of Service for any reason, all unvested PRSUs will immediately and automatically be cancelled and forfeited, except as otherwise provided in **Exhibit B** or in a binding written agreement between Participant and the Company that specifically provides that it is intended to supersede the terms of this Agreement.

2.2 Settlement.

(a) The PRSUs will be paid in Shares as soon as administratively practicable after the vesting of the applicable PRSU, but in no event later than the March 15 of the year following the year in which the PRSU’s vesting date occurs.

(b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company may delay any payment under this Agreement that the Company reasonably determines would violate Applicable Law until the earliest date the Company reasonably determines the making of the payment will not cause such a violation (in accordance with Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-2(b)(7)(ii)); provided the Company reasonably believes the delay will not result in the imposition of excise taxes under Section 409A.

**ARTICLE III.
TAXATION AND TAX WITHHOLDING**

3.1 Representation. Participant represents to the Company that Participant has reviewed with Participant’s own tax advisors the tax consequences of this Award and the transactions contemplated by the Grant Notice and this Agreement. Participant is relying solely on such advisors and not on any statements or representations of the Company or any of its agents.

3.2 Tax Withholding.

(a) Participant must pay the Company, or make provision satisfactory to the Administrator for payment of, any taxes required by Applicable Law to be withheld in connection with such Participant's Awards by the date of the event creating the tax liability. In this regard, Participant authorizes the Company, or their respective agents, at their discretion, to satisfy their withholding obligations with regard to the PRSUs by any of the methods set forth in Section 9.5 of the Plan.

(b) Participant acknowledges that Participant is ultimately liable and responsible for all taxes owed in connection with the PRSUs, regardless of any action the Company or any Subsidiary takes with respect to any tax withholding obligations that arise in connection with the PRSUs. Neither the Company nor any Subsidiary makes any representation or undertaking regarding the treatment of any tax withholding in connection with the awarding, vesting or payment of the PRSUs or the subsequent sale of Shares. The Company and its Subsidiaries do not commit and are under no obligation to structure the PRSUs to reduce or eliminate Participant's tax liability.

ARTICLE IV. OTHER PROVISIONS

4.1 Adjustments. Participant acknowledges that the PRSUs, and the Shares subject to the PRSUs, are subject to adjustment, modification and termination in certain events as provided in this Agreement and the Plan.

4.2 Notices. Any notice to be given under the terms of this Agreement to the Company must be in writing and addressed to the Company in care of the Company's Secretary at the Company's principal office or the Secretary's then-current email address or facsimile number. Any notice to be given under the terms of this Agreement to Participant must be in writing and addressed to Participant (or, if Participant is then deceased, to the Designated Beneficiary) at Participant's last known mailing address, email address or facsimile number in the Company's personnel files. By a notice given pursuant to this Section, either party may designate a different address for notices to be given to that party. Any notice will be deemed duly given when actually received, when sent by email, when sent by certified mail (return receipt requested) and deposited with postage prepaid in a post office or branch post office regularly maintained by the United States Postal Service, when delivered by a nationally recognized express shipping company or upon receipt of a facsimile transmission confirmation.

4.3 Titles. Titles are provided herein for convenience only and are not to serve as a basis for interpretation or construction of this Agreement.

4.4 Conformity to Securities Laws. Participant acknowledges that the Plan, the Grant Notice and this Agreement are intended to conform to the extent necessary with all Applicable Laws and, to the extent Applicable Laws permit, will be deemed amended as necessary to conform to Applicable Laws.

4.5 Successors and Assigns. The Company may assign any of its rights under this Agreement to single or multiple assignees, and this Agreement will inure to the benefit of the successors and assigns of the Company. Subject to the restrictions on transfer set forth in this Agreement or the Plan, this Agreement will be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, legatees, legal representatives, successors and assigns of the parties hereto.

4.6 Limitations Applicable to Section 16 Persons. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan or this Agreement, if Participant is subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act, the Plan, the Grant Notice, this Agreement and the PRSUs will be subject to any additional limitations set forth in any applicable

exemptive rule under Section 16 of the Exchange Act (including any amendment to Rule 16b-3) that are requirements for the application of such exemptive rule. To the extent Applicable Laws permit, this Agreement will be deemed amended as necessary to conform to such applicable exemptive rule.

4.7 Entire Agreement. The Plan, the Grant Notice and this Agreement (including any exhibit hereto) constitute the entire agreement of the parties and supersede in their entirety all prior undertakings and agreements of the Company and Participant with respect to the subject matter hereof.

4.8 Agreement Severable. In the event that any provision of the Grant Notice or this Agreement is held illegal or invalid, the provision will be severable from, and the illegality or invalidity of the provision will not be construed to have any effect on, the remaining provisions of the Grant Notice or this Agreement.

4.9 Limitation on Participant's Rights. Participation in the Plan confers no rights or interests other than as herein provided. This Agreement creates only a contractual obligation on the part of the Company as to amounts payable and may not be construed as creating a trust. Neither the Plan nor any underlying program, in and of itself, has any assets. Participant will have only the rights of a general unsecured creditor of the Company with respect to amounts credited and benefits payable, if any, with respect to the PRSUs, and rights no greater than the right to receive the Shares as a general unsecured creditor with respect to the PRSUs, as and when settled pursuant to the terms of this Agreement.

4.10 Not a Contract of Employment. Nothing in the Plan, the Grant Notice or this Agreement confers upon Participant any right to continue in the employ or service of the Company or any Subsidiary or interferes with or restricts in any way the rights of the Company and its Subsidiaries, which rights are hereby expressly reserved, to discharge or terminate the services of Participant at any time for any reason whatsoever, with or without cause, except to the extent expressly provided otherwise in a written agreement between the Company or a Subsidiary and Participant.

4.11 Counterparts. The Grant Notice may be executed in one or more counterparts, including by way of any electronic signature, subject to Applicable Law, each of which will be deemed an original and all of which together will constitute one instrument.

4.12 Restrictions. In the event the Shares are no longer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (as determined by the Administrator), any Shares acquired in respect of the PRSUs shall be subject to such terms and conditions as the Administrator shall determine, including, without limitation, restrictions on the transferability, repurchase rights, the right of the Company to require that Shares be transferred in the event of certain transactions, rights of first refusal, tag-along rights, bring-along rights, redemption and co-sale rights and voting requirements. Such terms and conditions may be additional to those contained in the Plan and may, as determined by the Administrator, be contained in an exercise notice, securityholders' agreement or in such other agreement as the Administrator shall determine, in each case in a form determined by the Administrator. The Administrator may condition the issuance of such Shares on the Participant's consent to such terms and conditions and the Participant's entering into such agreement or agreements.

* * * * *

**TO PERFORMANCE RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD GRANT NOTICE
PERFORMANCE RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT
VESTING SCHEDULE**

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO EXCHANGE ACT RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a)
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Carrie Wheeler, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Opendoor Technologies, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 02, 2024

By: /s/ Carrie Wheeler
Carrie Wheeler
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION OF INTERIM CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO EXCHANGE ACT RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a)
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Christina Schwartz, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Opendoor Technologies, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 02, 2024

By: /s/ Christina Schwartz

Christina Schwartz

Interim Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND INTERIM CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Opendoor Technologies Inc. (the “Company”) for the period ended March 31, 2024 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the “Report”), the undersigned, Carrie Wheeler, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Christina Schwartz, Interim Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. The report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 02, 2024

By: /s/ Carrie Wheeler

Carrie Wheeler
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: May 02, 2024

By: /s/ Christina Schwartz

Christina Schwartz
Interim Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)